THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By M. C. GALLAWAY & Co. MEMPHIS, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 22, 1868. (Volume Eleven---Number 88.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Avalanche Office, Avalanche Building, 22 Jefferson street.

Avalanche Job Office, Avalanche Building, 21 Jefferson street.

Allison Brothers, hardware, 276 Front street.

Andrews W. B., grocery and commission merchant, 280 Front street.

Anderson & Gay, grocery and commission merchants, 338 Front street.

Ames, Bentlie & Jones, furniture dealers, 326 Main street

Beecher & Belcher, attorneys at law, Irving Block, Second street.

Bohlen, Huse & Co, ice dealers, 326 Main street.

Bourne & Co., James T., steamboat agents, 12 Jefferson street.

Brown & Jones, coal dealers, 347 Second street.

Cameron & Co., J. A., Finley Churn Dasher, 321 Main street.

Cane, C. S. Jr, & Co, dealers in saddles, bridle and harness, 377 Main street.

Clark & Drury commission merchants, 200 Front street.

Cochran, M. E. and J. W. lumber merchants, foot of Washington street.

Crook, G. W. L, insurance agent, 329 Main street

Clarke & Co., S. H., insurance agents, 18 Madison street

Clarke & Co., C. C., booksellers and stationers, 312 Second street.

Carolina Insurance Company, of Memphis, Tenn., office 21 Main street.

Craig & Co., R. G., seed store, 279 Main street, in the Jackson Block.

Cayce & Co., M. C., general auctioneers, 226 Second street.

Chancery Court Room, Wm smith, Judge; in Greenlaw Opera House, 253 second street, 3d rod floor.

County Court, Thomas Leonard, Judge; corner Union and second streets.

Criminal Court Room Wm. Hunter, Judge; in Greenlaw Opera House, 253 second street, third floor.

Common Law Court, G. O. Pierce, Judge; in Greenlaw Opera House, 253 second street, second floor.

Circuit Court, George Reeves, Judge; corner Union and second streets.

Christian Advocate, Avalanche Building, 22 Jefferson street.

Dun & Co., R. G., Mercantile Agency, S. B. Wright, Manager, corner Main and Madison streets.

Dickinson, Williams & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 210 Front street.

De Soto Insurance and Trust Company, 42 Madison street

Duff, W. L., attorney at law, 236 Main street.

Denke, John A., dealer in corn, oats, hay, etc, 61 South Court street.

Dalton & Price, book and job printers, 9 Jefferson street.

Evans, D. H., wholesale liquors, 334 Front street.

Eddins, M. E., lumber dealer, opposite Gas Works.

Emery Churn Dasher, 321 Main street.

Flannery, Joseph, plumber and gas pipe fitter, 53 Jefferson street.

Flaherty & Walsh, undertakers, 317 Second street.

Finny & Keilar, attorneys at law, 42 Madison street.

Forster, Leonhofer & Co., grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 329 Main street.

Goodall Hous., 63 Jefferson street.

Galloway & Co., M. C., proprietors Avalanche, 22 Jefferson street.

Harris, Stockton & Hart, attorneys at law, 42 Madison

Heiskell, Scott & Heiskell, attorneys at law 36 Madison street.

Hernando Insurance Company, No. 17 Madison street.

Harmstad, Larry, steamboat Agent, corner Main and Madison streets

Hampton & Chambers, attorneys at law 42 Madison street

Hunter Bro M. C., millinery and dress making, 347 Main street

Harris, Eliot & Phelan, attorneys at law, 45 Monroe street.

Hays Coal Company, coal dealers, 287 Main street.

Jones, Edward C., stenotec., 379½ Main street.

Kirtland, Pollard & Co., commission merchants and agents for Rome Plant, 252 Front street.

Kenny & Porter, real estate brokers and general agents, No. 3 Williams Block, corner of Madison and Second

Keller, Dr. J. H., office 3 Jefferson street, Avalanche Editorial Rooms. Residence at General Hospital.

Knickerbocker Insurance Company, 18 Madison street

Lehr House, corner Washington and Second streets.

Levett & Co., Joseph S., boot and shoe dealers, corner of Main and Union streets.

Lowenstein & Brothers, S., wholesale and retail dry goods 262 Main street.

Lunn & Mallon, plumbers and steam pipe fitters, 204 Main street.

Lowenstein & Brother, J. H., dry goods, Clay Building, 251 Main street.

Levy & Co., A. S., auctioneers, 257 Second street.

Lukmaier & Brotheer, agents, boot and shoemakers, 261½ Second street.

Lee and Miller, general steamboat agents and forwarders, 5 Madison street.

Memphis City Savings Institution, corner Jefferson and Front streets.

Municipal Court Room, George W. Waldran, Judge; corner Union and Second streets. County Court House

Memphis and Charleston Railroad. Ticket office, Bethel Block, southeast corner Court and Main streets.

Merchants' National Bank, No. 8 Jefferson street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, office No. 257 Main street.

McVae & Walker, attorneys at law, Bethel Block.

Merchants' National Bank, 8 Jefferson street.

Moody & Co., John K., grocery and produce, 208 Front street.

Mercantile Agency of R. G. Dun & Co, S B Wright, Manager, corner Main and Madison streets.

Moore & Geoghegan, dealers in agricultural implements, 32 Front street.

Murray & Ridgely, merchant tailor No. 31 Madison street, Memphis Tenn.

Maibben & Bro., liquor dealers, 293 Main street.

McMahon & Otis, Insurance Agents, corner Madison and Second streets

Montgomery & Co, J. E., Steamboat Agents, foot of Jefferson street.

Menken Brothers, staple and fancy dry goods, 262 Main street

Memphis and Louisville Railroad, office 257½ Main street.

Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company, Fleming Calvert, Superintendent.

New Memphis, Turner, W. C. Thompson, manager, Jefferson street, below Third.

Peyton, J. T., attorney at law, Lee Block, 15 Union street.

Power & McGeoy, merchant tailors, 238 Second street.

Packer, H. B., coal dealer, 332 Main street.

Powell & Co., F., advertising agents, 81 Union street.

Pattison & Co., secretary, Scalars in books and stationery, 257½ Main street.

Peraue, M., millinery and dress making, 257½ Main street.

Passmore & Co., W. H., General Auctioneers, Vincent Block, second street.

Postoffice corner of Third and Jefferson streets. R. C. Gist, Postmaster.

Price & Treadwell, wholesale grocers, Lee Block, Union street.

Robeson, Sneed & Co., fashionable clothiers, 261 Main street.

Randolph S. W., attorney at law, corner Monroe and Second streets.

Royster, Treasvant & Co., Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, Ayres Block, second street.

Somborn Farmer, office 37 Court street.

Scott & Co. A. W., grocery and commission merchants 252 Front street.

Silkwood, ex Freight and Cotton Press Company, 343 Madison street

Steddard & Co, A. M., auctioneers, 230 Second street,

Scruggs, P. T. and R. H., attorneys at law, 32 Union street

St Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, McMahon & Otis, agents; office, 42 Madison street.

Smith & Leech, wholesale liquor dealers, 342 Second street.

Semmes & Co., B. J., importers and dealers in liquors, 254 second street.

Swanwick & Co., W. T., lumber dealers, foot of Adams Second street.

Smith, Owen, undertaker, 263 northeast corner Gayoso and Second streets.

Texas Job Office, 27 south Court street.

Tarr & Mitchell, wholesale boots and shoes, 269 Main street.

Titus & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 10 Jefferson street.

United States Insurance Company, 69 Main street.

United States Court, O. F. Trigg, Judge; No. 469 Main street, third floor.

Vinson & Donahue, steamboat agents, 264 Front street, up stairs.

Varleton Absalom, corner Washington and Main streets.

Ward & Co, R. D., coal dealers, 321 Main street.

Welt & Co, H., steamboat agents, 270 Front street.

Wright & McKissick, attorneys at law, 44 Williams block, corner Madison and Second streets.

Yerger & Sale, attorneys at law, Library Building, Third street, near Jefferson.

Zwolfel, Dom, lager beer depot, 248 Adams street.

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

The White Man's Platform.

I hold that this Government was made on the white basis, by white men, for the benefit of white men and their posterity forever, and should be administered by white men, and none others. I do not believe that the Almighty made the negro capable of self government.—*Stephen A. Douglas.*

Hear President LINCOLN in reply:

I AM NOT, NOR EVER HAVE BEEN, IN FAVOR OF MAKING VOTERS OR JURORS OF NEGROES nor of qualifying them to hold office, nor of intermarrying them with white people, and I will say, in addition to this, that there is a PHYSICAL DIFFERENCE between the white and black race, which, I believe, will forever forbid the two races living together on terms of social and political equality—and, inasmuch as they cannot so live, while they do remain together, there must be a position of superior and inferior, and I, as much as any other man, am in favor of having the SUPERIOR POSITION ASSIGNED TO THE WHITE RACE.

Two years before the death of DANIEL WEBSTER he said:

"IF THESE IMPERTINENT *Fanatics and Abolitionists* ever get the power into their own hands, they will *override the Constitution, set the Supreme Court at defiance*, change and make Laws to suit themselves, lay violent hands on those who differ with them in opinion or face question their fidelity; and, finally, bankrupt the country and deluge it with blood."

On September 2, 1842, twenty-five years ago, HENRY CLAY said:

The agitation of the question in the free States will first *destroy all harmony, and finally lead to dissolution; to periodic wars, the cultivation of the African race—ultimate military despotism.*

But the great aim and object of your tract should be to *arouse the laboring classes of the free states against Abolition.* Depict the consequences to them of immediate emancipation. The slaves being free, would be dispersed throughout the Union; *they would enter into competition with the free labor;* with the American, the Irish, the German; *reduce his wages*, be confounded with him, and *affect his moral and social standing.* And as the mixture of both for Abolition and amalgamation, show that their object is to unite in marriage the lazy ring white man and the laboring black woman, *to reduce the white laboring man to the despised and degraded condition of the black man.*

I would show their opposition to Colonization. Show its humane, religious and patriotic aim. That they are to separate those whom God had separated. Why do the Abolitionists oppose Colonization? To keep and amalgamate together the two races, in violation of God's will; and to keep the blacks here that they may interfere with, degrade and debase the laboring whites. Show that the British Government is co-operating with the Abolitionists, for the purpose of dissolving the Union, etc. You can make a powerful article, that will be felt in every assembly of the Union. I am perfectly satisfied it will do great good. Let me hear from you on this subject.

The *Every Afternoon* newspaper for twenty-three days lost over $12,000.

Thirty-five barges of coal are coming down the Cumberland river.

Those who have an inside view of the Radical camps declare Johnson cannot receive over five Radical votes.

There are over two hundred illicit distilleries in Middle Tennessee, and East Tennessee swarms with them.

John Happy's White Crook has been running at the Academy of Music in Louisville two weeks, with great success.

James Hamill, champion oarsman, and Henry Coulter, have signed articles of agreement to row for the championship at Philadelphia, June 18th, for $1,000 a side.

Thirty five of the "trooly loil," arrested in the mountains for too much disloyal whisky, reached Nashville Sunday, under guard.

Macon, Georgia, was damaged ten thousand dollars by the storm last week. The various railroads in the State were greatly damaged.

An advertisement in a country paper says: "Call at the postoffice for groceries." Capital idea, provided the groceries have postage prepaid.

A bogus Sergeant Bates has been traveling through North Carolina with a flag, stick and cow's horn, and has made some capital dinners.

The Baptist Convention of the State of Georgia will meet with the First Baptist Church, Greene street, Augusta, on Friday morning, the 24th instant.

General John B. Gordon, who was a Lieutenant General in the Confederate army, and is the Democratic candidate for Governor of Georgia, has been declared eligible to the office by General Meade.

Speaking of starving Indians, Prentice says: "The question is whether we shall let them starve or feed and keep them alive until we shall be under the necessity of shooting them."

The baby woman has gone to Jeffersonvill, Indiana, on exhibition. A sentimental reporter says: "She is not three years old, yet as perfectly developed as a maid of sweet sixteen." "'nuff ced;" she has a waterfall and a sweetheart.

On the 18th of May Rev. Robert A. Abell, the oldest Catholic clergyman in Kentucky, will celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of his ordination as a priest. The celebration will take place at St. Thomas' Theological Seminary, near Bardstown.

A wild, ferocious panther was killed in the streets of Mobile, last Thursday, after an exciting chase. He measured six feet ten inches in length. The animal was probably driven from the swamps by the storm. Some man made a good thing by showing the dead varmint at 25c. a head.

Brownlow, the editor of the Knoxville *Whig*, and also one of our Governors, is tempering down greatly. He says very gently, in his last issue: "This paper will constantly, perseveringly and boldly fight both Democracy and Republicanism, and insist on the punishment of offenders in HELL, as alone adequate to the deserts of the villainous leaders of both these parties!"

Louisville is inundated with a cold water revival. The Good Templars are drowning out many noted topers. If they can keep "Yuba Dam," "Faxy" and "G. Washington Bricks" under water as long as Jonah sucked a straw in the whale's belly, without killing them, it will prove that the Templars are a good institution and that the day of miracles has not passed away.

An escaped Confederate prisoner married in St. Louis in 1863, and when the war closed returned and reported that he had been a prisoner all the time. He married two months ago, near Nashville, to an accomplished lady, and the other day wife No. 1, attended by a big brother from the Sucker State, turned up, to the intense surprise of wife No. 2.

The Atlantic *Opinion* (Radical) says: "We understand that some of Mr. Ashburn's family are under the impression that his assasins were in the interest of a well known Radical in Columbus, who wanted the nomination to the Legislature, but whom Mr. Ashburn defeated, giving as a reason therefor that the aspirant had not brains enough to fill the position he sought."

The funeral of Mrs. John Dicker, burned to death in the recent railroad accident on the Erie railway, took place in Buffalo Saturday, and was attended by a large concourse of citizens. The remains were among those of which nothing but charred bones were found, and four days elapsed before they were identified. Identification was finally established by a trunk key, breastpin and earrings.

NEW ORLEANS.

Races, Elections, Operas, Storms, Amusements, etc., etc.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,
NEW ORLEANS, April 19, 1868.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: During the past week the weather has been beyond all precedent of the most adverse character. The races, which would otherwise have been the great amusement of the season, suffered vastly in consequence. The Metairie track is unequaled for excellent management. It is in splendid repair, and was placed in an excellent condition for the spring meeting, but the rains came and ruined the sport; making the track so muddy and heavy that the horses could not do any thing on it. The attendance was good during the entire season. Yesterday's (Saturday) races were for the Congress stake and whip; entries, Privateer, by the Metairie Club, and Agnes Donovan, by the Memphis Association. The mare has fine mettle, splendid action, and did some game work through the mud, but it was evident from the first jump that she would lose, and thus it proved. She has done some exceedingly fine racing during the week, and if the hard work of the past week has not strained her, she will make a good reputation. On a good, dry track, she is a very fine timer; and I hope will make some remarkable speed on the Memphis course. Her game style has made her innumerable friends here.

The truly peerless Pargoud left this port last night with about twenty-five horses that have been on the Metairie course during the week past. Her cabins were filled to the last available mattress with a fine list of people. Among those registered I note the names of John Donovan, who has been doing the races; Colonel M. W. Cluskey, your late *confrere*; Wm. M. Comor, correspondent of *Turf Journal*, Captain Brady, the backer of Agnes Donovan; Mr. Myers, Mr. Filbert, and Capt. Sam. Shock. There are others of the Bluff City aboard, but I did not get their names in time for this letter. The Pargoud goes into the Memphis trade with more advantages than any steamer that ever ran in the trade. She is swift and staunch, with a hull that will bear any sort of usage, the most superb cabin appointments on the river, and a set of officers whose names guarantee superior excellence in their respective lines of duty. In the office is Mr. George Williams, and no one knows his duty better. Captain Marsh Miller, of world wide notoriety, is in the pilot house, and if his name does not draw patronage to this splendid steamer, then there is no virtue in a good name. I found Captain Hukill, the veteran commissiarat, in charge of the good things, and as his name is synonomous with fat living, so, *nous verrons*. I hope the good people of Memphis will sustain this complete boat in the enterprise she has so generously entered into.

The elections held in this State during the past two days (17th and 18th) passed off with out any disturbances. This happy result is entirely due to the forethought and wise precautions provided by General Buchanan. He disposed the forces under his command in such a manner that they could promptly suppress any riotous demonstrations in any quarter. I have never seen an election pass by so smoothly and quietly. Innumerable attempts at fraud were detected, and some two hundred shades were registered in the charity prison for illegal swearing, voting, etc. There is no doubt that an immense qumber of fraudulent votes were cast, as the carpet-baggers and God-forsaken were very busy uttering forged registration papers, and freely using niggers from other sections. Notwithstanding this, however, the impression prevails here that the Constitution is defeated and the Wormoth ticket beaten. This is "a consummation most devoutly to be wished for," and has our earnest prayers for its verification.

The opera of L'Africanne was presented at the French Opera House last night. An immense audience was present to see the magnificent spectacle and hear the wonderful music. The superb appointment, decorations and equipments used in the piece, are incomparably fine exhibitions of mechanical skill and genius. The caste comprised names that will long be remembered in the annals of musical celebrities. Madame Audibert, with her unequalled voice, sustained the role of Selika in a manner that defied criticism. The dramatic effects were also wonderful masterpieces of artistic and histrionic skill. The mechanical effects were very beautiful, and received the most enthusiastic applause. The machinist was entitled to a flattering call before the curtain. The ship was a wonderful piece of mechanism, and the *amie en scene* generally an indescribably grand *tableaux vivante*. The Mandavilla tree in the last act was a grand success. The opera was placed on this stage with more *eclat* than ever attended its presentation before on this continent. As it marked a special era in this line of amusement, and was the first appearance in this city, I note these particulars more specially than otherwise.

A musical curiosity has appeared here. This wonderful Chilian girl violinist—Filomena—is about eighteen years old. She holds her violin as a man does, and handles her bow with all the skill and grace of a master. She plays a light violin, but evokes from the instrument the most extraordinary effects ever heard from the hands of an artist. Her memory is extraordinary, as she already has an olio of nearly six hundred pieces, the different executions of which is well known among musicians. Her "Carnival of Venice" cannot be surpassed. That your musical readers may form an idea of her wonderful skill, I need only tell them that she plays the most difficult passages of "Trovatore" on the G string. She has created a furore here in musical circles.

The storms of the past week has done a great deal of damage to roads, fields, gardens, etc. The gales and thunderstorms on the lake and gulf did considerable damage to shipping, but no disasters of consequence have been reported.

Business is very dull, except in produce and grain shipping. The Western traffic has assumed a practicable shape in the way of rapid transportation to and through this port. New Orleans may hope for some resuscitation and abiding benefits from cultivating the best system of commercial transportation and business.

There are very few strangers in the city. The streets are not lively; the hotels exhibit signs of abandonment. Mr. C. C. Clay and wife and Miss N. L. Cherry are at the St. Charles. This princely house maintains its usual list, and keeps up its reputation for excellence and splendid management. It is being prepared for the summer season, and will be thronged with a large number of boarders. It is probable it will remain open during the season on the hotel principle.

Amusements are dull. Ames' circus and menagerie are running a season of a week ere it goes on a summer tour. It is doing a fine business. The niggers are especially the patrons of the circus here, so there are large audiences of the shades.

COUSIN NOURMA.

The Washington correspondent of Thurlow Weed's paper, the New York *Commercial*, says that Mr. Curtis' argument, "enchained the attention of those on the floor and those in the galleries, but," he adds, "I do not believe that it had the slightest effect on a single Senator. Each one sitting in judgment has already made up his mind how he will vote, viewing impeachment as or as not a political necessity. The deposition of Andrew Johnson and the installation of B. F. Wade is but a question of time, for is the time very far distant."

Cincinnati has a drinking saloon for every thirty inhabitants.

A brutal murder was committed a couple of days since at Lynnes' Station, near Chattanooga. The victim was Jefferson Good, and when last seen alive was in company with one of the convicts recently released from the penitentiary.

GIFT ENTERPRISE.

THE PASCHALL HOUSE

ASSOCIATION

OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

$500,000 IN PRIZES

Number of Prizes, Five Hundred

Price of Certificates, $5 Each

Splendid Fortunes for Somebody

Awarding of Prizes on June 1, '68

AT

MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

FIRST PRIZE.

The PASCHALL HOUSE, corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, St. Louis Mo.; Lot 87 feet front by 137 deep, has four stories, sixty fine rooms; also, five elegant stores. These, together with the furniture, are bringing a rent of $9,500 per annum. This magnificent house, with furniture complete, is

VALUED AT.....$280,000

SECOND PRIZE.

An elegant Three Story Double Brick Residence, with three and a half acres of ground, in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, one mile from Court Square. House splendidly finished, with all modern improvements. Grounds finely laid out, with shrubbery, etc. Fine stables outbuildings, etc.; all in complete order, and

VALUED AT.....$60,000

THIRD PRIZE.

A handsome Three Story Brick Residence, No. 1818 Chestnut street, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets, St. Louis, Mo. court, containing twelve rooms, elegantly finished throughout, with all modern improvements complete; Lot 18x from 120 feet deep.

VALUED AT.....$18,000

FOURTH PRIZE.

The fine Mansion of the late Judge R. W. Wells, Jefferson City, Missouri. Two Story Brick and Frame, fifteen elegant rooms, and finished throughout with all modern improvements; built from the designs of Gamble & Rutger. Lot 200 feet deep. Grounds finely laid out, terraced, flower beds, etc.

VALUED AT.....$15,000

IX MORE PRIZES.

Consisting of Fine Brick Residences in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, situated: No. 728 South Eighth street, 780 south Eighth street, 1417 Morgan street, 1412 Morgan street, 714 and 716 Chouteau avenue.

VALUED AT.....$79,000

250 PRIZES

From the firm of BOOGHER BROTHERS, Watchmakers and Jewelers, No. 64 south Fifth street, under the Southern Hotel, where samples of the goods may be seen, consisting of one elegant Solid Silver service, worth $1,000; Solid silver Goblets, Plated Tea Sets, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gold Watches, French Mantel Clocks, Fancy Silver Pieces, Fine Jewelry, etc.

ALL VALUED AT.....$15,000

120 PRIZES

In Fine Sewing Machines, or various patterns, ranging in price from $65 to $150, of the best manufacture, and

VALUED AT.....$10,000

100 PRIZES IN CASH.

$100 EACH.....$10,000

20 PRIZES OF FINE PIANOS

From the St. Louis Piano Manufactory, ranging in price from $450 to $650 each. Samples can be seen at the rooms of the Association, corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, under the Paschall House.

VALUED AT.....$10,000

MAKING IN ALL

500 SPLENDID PRIZES

Ranging from $40 to $250,000 each, and

VALUED AT $500,000.

FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS

Will be Donated to the Orphans of St. Louis, Mo

DETAILS OF THE DRAWING:

A suitable Committee of Responsible Gentlemen will be selected, to conduct the drawing and awarding of the prizes, on the day appointed, at MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL, on the following plan:

One hundred thousand numbers, representing the Certificates issued, will be placed in one wheel, and five hundred tickets, inscribed with the names of the prizes, to wit: "Paschall House," etc., will be placed in another. From these wheels a number and a prize will be drawn at the same time and the number drawn will take the prize drawn with it.

The prizes will be ready for delivery upon the result of the award being known, and the persons by whom the ten real estate prizes are drawn, will receive deeds to the same, with title clear and unencumbered.

All money received upon the sale of these Certificates will be placed in responsible banking houses of St. Louis, Missouri, where it will remain, to the credit of the Association, until after the drawing takes place.

References given by Permission

Aull, Pollard & Renick, Bankers, St. Louis.
Daniel G. Taylor, ex-Mayor of St. Louis.
Butchers' and Drovers' Bank, St. Louis.
Peoples' savings Association.
Edward S. Fontaine, Memphis, Tennessee.
Boatmen's Saving Institution, St. Louis, Mo.
John M. Andrews, ex Sheriff of St. Louis county, Mo.
Javelin, Warner & Co., proprietors Southern Hotel, St. Louis, Mo.
Thos Valle, of the firm of Chouteau, Harrison & Valle.
Kreatus Wells, President Accommodation Bank, St. Louis.
Honorable William Tunnig.
Chester Harvey.
D. Kilcoch, ex President City Council.
Joseph Longworth, City Contractor.
H. W. Dwyer.

No person will be authorized to sell Certificates for the Association, or be responsible on its agents, unless authority is published in the St. Louis Republican or Missouri Democrat.

NOTICE.

Certificates may be had at the office of the Manager, 418 Walnut street, and of the following agents: Alex. Keiser, proprietor of the Paschall House; John King, 111 North Fourth street, "Eastern" stores Saloon; Booher Brothers, Jewelers, 64 South Fifth street, under the Southern Hotel; C. M. Kimball, Cigar Store, corner Fourth and Walnut streets; Forsyth Bookstore, 18 North Fourth street, opposite the Court House; W. R. Titus, Photographic Goods Rooms, Fourth street; A. D. Adams, Southern Hotel saloon; J. H. Cook, News Stand Southern Hotel; H. Lefferdink, Gayoso House; Mr. Nuhfer, Lindell Hotel; C. S. Wrinn, Planters' House, Memphis, Tenn.

All orders for Certificates and communications should be addressed to

PHILIP S. LANHAM, Manager,
No. 418 Walnut Street.
Under Southern Hotel, St. Louis, Missouri.

J. A. COPELAAND, Secretary.

TICKETS CAN BE HAD OF

E. S. PLUMMER,
mhl4 No. 213 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

JOB PRINTING.

AVALANCHE JOB OFFICE!

AND

BOOK BINDERY

AVALANCHE BUILDING

22 Jefferson Street,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

WE ARE PREPARED TO EXECUTE

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK

IN THE NEATEST MANNER AND

AT LOW RATES

DISPATCH, NEATNESS, CHEAPNESS

BILLS LADING,
STEAMBOAT BILLS,
SHIPPING TAGS,
BILL HEADS,
LETTER HEADS,
DRAY RECEIPTS.

AVALANCHE JOB OFFICE!

22 JEFFERSON STREET.

Business Cards,
Show Cards,
Circulars,
Visiting Cards,
Wedding Cards,
Ball Tickets,
Bank Checks,
Drug Labels,
Receipts.

STEAMBOAT PRINTING

RAILROAD PRINTING

MERCANTILE PRINTING

AVALANCHE JOB OFFICE!

BLANK BOOKS OF EVERY KIND

MADE TO ORDER.

Avalanche Book Bindery!

DAY BOOKS,
CASH BOOKS,
LEDGERS,
RECORDS,
TAX BOOKS,
RECEIPT BOOKS

Books for Clerks of Courts.

County Court Blank Books,
Chancery Court Blank Books,
Criminal Court Blank Books
Circuit Court Blank Books,
Probate Court Blank Books.

AVALANCHE BOOK BINDERY.

RUFUS L. DALTON. RUN. F. PRICE

DALTON & PRICE,

BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS

AND

Book Binders,

No. 9 Jefferson Street, Under Commercial Hotel

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

EXECUTE every description of PLAIN AND FANCY JOB PRINTING, such as

Bill Heads,
Bills Lading,
Account Sales,
Dray Receipts,
Dray Tickets
Wedding Cards,
Visiting Cards,
Business Cards,
Play Cards,
Ball Tickets,
Blanks of all kinds,
Circulars,
Receipt Books,
Check Books,
And every description of

Railroad and Steamboat Printing.

BLANK BOOKS of every description made to order. Public and Legislative Job Work done in the neatest manner. Orders solicited.

Dalton & Price,
No. 9 Jefferson Street. mhl9

NATIONAL TELEGRAPH.

THE NATIONAL

TELEGRAPH COMPANY

A NEW enterprise, to be known as the National Telegraph Company, has been organized with valuable franchises conferred by a recent act of Congress for the purpose of establishing Trunk Lines of Telegraphs on all the principal railroads and mail routes in the United States. The stock is to be issued upon the same principle as that of the Merchants Union Express Company, which recently commenced operations. The design is to interest the entire business community in the enterprise. This is done, not so much to dispose of the stock as it is to secure the business of the country which the lines pass.

THE CAPITAL IS TO BE

$10,000,000

In 100,000 shares of the par value of

$100 PER SHARE

But the actual amount to be paid in cash is

$35 PER SHARE

and this amount is to be paid as follows: One per cent. of the par at the time of subscribing, and no more until the entire capital has been subscribed, and then on calls to be made by the Board of Directors; the instalments not to exceed five per cent per month. When thirty-five per cent of the par value of the shares has been paid, certificates of stock will be issued. This will give the Company a paid up

CASH CAPITAL OF $3,500,000

which will be sufficient to duplicate lines to all or nearly all the paying points reached by the present monopoly.

The present Telegraph Companies throughout the country have been consolidated into one huge monopoly, and are now earning over SIX MILLIONS OF DOLLARS per year, or over one hundred per cent. on the actual cost of their lines their present capital having been watered over ONE THOUSAND per cent.

THE NATIONAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY have a recognition from the United States Government of the importance of their enterprise, with a grant of the most valuable franchises ever conferred upon a telegraph company. No competing line has ever had the right now granted by Congress to this company to construct and operate lines over every RAILROAD and MAIL ROUTE in the United States. The position of this Co.up by differs from that of any company ever before organized. The question of the RIGHT OF WAY IS FOREVER SETTLED.

The Stockholders of this Company cannot be sold out or TRANSFERRED to any other Company. The act of Congress under which this Company has been organized prohibits any transfer of the franchise granted.

CALLS---HOW TO BE MADE

One per cent of the Stock will be required on subscribing, and subsequent calls, not to exceed five per cent per month, will be made by the Board of Directors, from time to time, as may be necessary, to supply funds to construct and equip the lines; but no calls will be made after the one per cent. is paid, until the entire Capital Stock shall have been subscribed

ACTUAL CAPITAL REQUIRED

The Company confidently believe that thirty-five per cent of the Capital Stock will construct and fully equip

25,000 Miles of Wire

Which will connect all the commercial centers and important places in the United States. This opinion rests upon the most reliable estimates and responsible contracts obtained and upon the lines.

THE NATIONAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY is organized under the laws of the state of New York, and franchises conferred by an act of Congress, approved July 24, 1866.

President---GEORGE B. SENTER, of Cleveland, Ohio.

Vice President---ROBERT SQUIRES, of New York City.

Secretary---GEORGE B. WALLER, of New York City.

COMPANY'S OFFICE,

Nos. 64 and 66 Broadway, New York

A limited amount of the capital stock of this Company is allotted to this locality, and those having an opportunity, and who subscribe, will be placed upon equal terms with its Corporators, and will secure like interests in all franchises which have accrued, or may hereafter accrue to the Company from any and all sources.

Stock may now be subscribed in this Company at the Office of THE MERCANTILE AGENCY, R. G. DUN & CO., Room No. 5, Commercial Bank Building, corner Main and Madison streets, Memphis, Tenn.

S. B. WRIGHT,
mh8 General Agent for Memphis and Vicinity.

PLUMBERS.

JOSEPH FLANNERY,

Practical Plumber,

Gas and Steam Pipe Fitter,

No. 53 Jefferson Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

Keep constantly on hand a well selected s

Iron and Brass Lift and Force Pumps

feb5

LUNN & MALLON,

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND

STEAM PIPE FITTERS,

204 Main Street,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

HAVE on hand a large stock of PUMPS, CHANDELIERS, LEAD AND IRON PIPES. BRASS WORK of every description for Gas, Steam and Water.

Jobbing promptly attended to. la28

REAL ESTATE.

D. C. KENNY, Civil Engineer and Surveyor. J. B. PORTER

KENNY & PORTER,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS

AND GENERAL AGENTS.

HAVING permanently established our office in No. 3, Williams' Block, corner of second and Madison streets, we will transact generally a Real Estate business in Memphis and surrounding country, together with surveying, draughting and superintending in the various branches, the drainage of wet lands, locating and estimating of levies, etc. Also the Rents and Leasing of city tenements and business houses a special attention. Being always our best exertion for the benefit of customers, we hope by promptness and strict attention to business to merit a liberal patronage of the public.

D. C. KENNY,
J. B. PORTER.

Estate of James Wickersham, Dec'd.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested, that Mr. James W. Wickersham is no longer our agent in Memphis, and has his resignation as Administrator of the estate of James Wickersham, Sen'r, has been accepted by the County Court of Shelby County.

Messrs. Beecher & Belcher, (Irving Block) are our attorneys and agents for all business in Memphis, and Mr. E. L. Belcher has been appointed Administrator of said Estate.

ROBERT WICKERSHAM,
THOMAS WICKERSHAM,
JAMES WICKERSHAM.

COTTON AND COMMISSION

D. A. CLARKE, Memphis, Tenn. J. B. DRURY, Late of Cartmell & Drury, Memphis.

CLARKE & DRURY,

(Successors to Cartmell & Drury.)

Commission Merchants

For the sale of

Pork, Bacon, Lard, Flour, Meal, Bran, Oats, Hay, Corn, Whisky

And Western Produce Generally,

200 Front st., bet. Washington and Adams.

ap1 MEMPHIS, TENN.

W. H. ANDREWS,

Removed to No. 280 Front Street, Two Doors Above Old Stand.

GENERAL GROCERY & COMMISSION MERCHANT,

ESPECIAL attention to consignments of all kinds. Large stock of plantation Supplies always on hand at lowest prices. Terms strictly cash. mh28

ANDERSON & GAY,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

338 Front Street, Corner Union,

HAVE on Consignment: 2,000 bales Hay, 1,000 sacks Oats, 1,000 barrels Cape Lime, 50 kegs Pipe Feet, 500 sacks Corn, Sole Agents for Crescent City Roofing Paper. mh28

E. O. HURD,

COTTON COMMISSION MERCHANT

No. 49 West Second Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Orders solicited

THOS. T. KIRTLAND, Memphis, Tenn. HARRY HEDDEN, Alabama. W. J. POLLARD, Georgia.

KIRTLAND, POLLARD & CO.,

WESTERN PRODUCE

AND

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

252 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

Also, Agents for the States of Mississippi and Tennessee for the RAMIE PLANT.

AGENTS WANTED

In every County and Town in the above States.

mh16

H. FITZGERALD, Gallatin. C. C. HILL, Memphis. JOHN T. JEFFERSON, Memphis.

H. FITZGERALD & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF

Cotton Yarns, Sheeting and Osnaburgs, Dupont's Gunpowder and Printing Paper,

374 Front Street. MEMPHIS

C. W. PRICE, Late of Kanipori, Miss. A. PRICE. A. TREADWELL, Memphis Tenn.

PRICE & TREADWELL,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 15 Union Street, Lee Block.

Between Main and Front streets) MEMPHIS, TENN.

apl1

TITUS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 10 Jefferson Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

WE respectfully solicit a share of the business of the planters of the south. We thank our former customers for their patronage, and would be pleased to have them continue business with us. Our charges are the same as heretofore. All cotton consigned to us will be insured unless otherwise instructed. ap13

I. W. DICKINSON, Formerly Reid & Dickinson. DR. B. F. DICKINSON, Late Surgeon C. S. A.

W. W. WILLIAMS, Madison county, Tennessee.

DICKINSON, WILLIAMS & CO.,

Cotton Factors, General Commission

AND PRODUCE MERCHANTS,

No. 210 Front Street, Memphis, Tennessee

Liberal Advances made on Consignments.

We have a warehouse of our own in which we will handle all Cotton consigned to us, and WE GUARANTEE THERE SHALL BE NO UNNECESSARY LOSS IN WEIGHT, A THING WE HAVE HAD TO SUBMIT TO HERETOFORE. Bagging and Rope furnished our customers.

Usual commissions charged. All consignments by river inspected, unless otherwise instructed feb15

MINTER PARKER. J. W. WARD

PARKER, WARD & CO.,

(Successors to Pittman, Parker & Co.,)

Commission Merchants

Lee Block, No. 15 Union Street,

mh3 MEMPHIS, TENN.

C. W. STURDIVANT, P. G. LAWHORN, J. A. NEVILS

C. W. STURDIVANT & CO.,

GROCERY AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

Real Estate & Collecting Agents,

Aberdeen, Miss.

Consignments solicited.

BARKER & CO.

UNITED STATES

INTERNAL REVENUE SALE

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, EIGHTH DISTRICT TENNESSEE, MEMPHIS, April 11, 1868.

ON the FIFTH DAY OF MAY, 1868, I will sell in front of the Internal Revenue Office, No. 19 Monroe street, the following described property:

House and Lot 179 Second Street,

One Lot on North Side of Beale Street,

Fifty-five feet west of Lauderdale street, forty-five feet front and one hundred and fifty deep.

One Lot, one mile east of city of Memphis,

Beginning at northeast corner of lot 15, in subdivision G, in partition of estate of A. B. Carr, at a stake in Poyner Road (formerly Raleigh road), thence south 84

WANTS.

WANTED—A WOOD TURNER. One who is practical at Furniture turning. Apply to MOORE & TAYLOR, apr14 Pro'hostess Tenn.

LOST.

STRAYED—A large WHITE COW, with a red neck and head; a large rope was around the horns when lost. Any one returning the same to 59 Pontotoc street will be liberally rewarded. MRS. LOU. HARDWICKE. apr19

STRAYED OR STOLEN—From the subscriber, at the Graham Place, one and a half miles from the city, on the Pigeon Roost road, on the 11th instant, one IRON GRAY PONY, six years old, sixteen hands high, mashed and with hoofs slightly ring eaten. A liberal reward will be paid for the delivery of the animal on the premises, or at 32 Main street. W. L. DUFF. apr15

LOST—Several Notes, payable to Mrs. Flora C. Turley on the 1st of February, 1st of March and 1st of April, 1868, signed by Bielock & Co., Humes & Foster, Kortright & Graft, Alex. Erskine, and F. W. Louis. All persons are warned not to trade for the same. C. TURLEY, apr14 Corner Linden and Wellington streets.

BOARDING.

REDUCTION IN BOARD—The WHITEMORE HOUSE has reduced its transient rates to $2 per day; Day Board to $6 per week; Regular Board with single rooms very low. Families can be accommodated with nicely furnished rooms at the lowest rates. Owing to the fact that we have no stable to pay, we can afford better inducements to guests than any other house in the city. ja28

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A two story FRAME RESIDENCE, with seven rooms, kitchen and servants' room; large back yard, good cistern, etc. situated No. 100 Market, street. For rent low to a good tenant. Apply at No. 110 Market street, or at Citizens' Union Bank. apr3.

FOR RENT—A COTTAGE of five rooms, with kitchen, servants' room, stable and smoke house attached, No. 36 Union street. Apply to Colonel J. A. FORREST. apr11 42 Adams street.

SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

NOTICE—I will, at the next term of the County Court, apply for letters of administration upon the estate of Fletcher Taylor, deceased. C. N. TAYLOR mh18

COUGH—NO CURE NO PAY—FORREST'S JUNIPER TAR is warranted to cure Cough, Croup, Hoarseness, Throat and Lung diseases or the price positively refunded. Instantaneous relief produced. Try it. If not satisfied, return the empty bottles and get your money back. D. F. GOODYEAR, 316 Second street, Agent. Price 25 cents. mh18

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY AND THE HAPPINESS of True Manhood; an essay for Young Men on the Crime of Solitude, and the Physical Errors, Abuses and Diseases which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. febz daw

WEDNESDAY,: : : : APRIL 22, 1868

THE impeachment farce "drags its slow length along." It ought to result in a terrific break down, but we are prepared for any enormity on the part of Radicalism. This trial, like that of WERTZ and Mrs. SURRATT, was instituted for the purpose of conviction, and, notwithstanding the managers have failed to make a single point against the President, we still believe he will be convicted, and that the Government in a few days will be in the hands of the Radicals. We hail this result with joy, not on account of the President, who has stood by the Constitution, but because such injustice and enormity will hasten the deliverance of the Southern people, who are groaning in chains and suffering from the oppressions of the carpet-bag scalawags. We have carefully read, and with deep interest, the speech of Judge CURTIS. From this able and eloquent argument it will be seen that the first point upon which Judge CURTIS dwells, is that the *language* of the tenure-of-office bill does not protect STANTON in his position. That bill says that Cabinet officers shall hold office "during the term of the President by whom they may have been appointed, and for one month thereafter." STANTON's commission, signed by Mr. LINCOLN, reads, "during the pleasure of the President"—and that commission is the only authority which Mr. STANTON ever had. The *term* of Mr. LINCOLN closed with his death, by the provisions of the Constitution itself. The second point made is, that the evident intention of the act was to place Cabinet officers on a different footing from other officials. The Cabinet officers are the official advisers of the President—which other officers are not. A different rule should govern them, and the Senate declared that they should only hold office "during the term of the President by whom they have been appointed." STANTON was not appointed by President JOHNSON, therefore he has no claim to the office. The third point strikes us as more forcible than either of the others. It is a history of the tenure act. The bill, as it originally passed the Senate, said nothing about Cabinet officers. The House amended it, placing Cabinet officers on the same footing with all other appointed officers. The Senate refused to concur. A committee of conference was appointed, Mr. SCHENCK representing the House, and Senators SHERMAN and WILLIAMS the Senate, who agreed upon the present act. When it was reported to the House, there was no debate. Mr. SCHENCK simply said that the terms of these officers expire "with the term of service of the President who appoints them, and one month after, in case of death or accident." Senator SHERMAN, in the course of the debate, said:

> That this provision does not apply to the present case, is shown by the fact that its language is so framed as to apply to the present President. *The Senator knows that himself, and argues truly that it would not prevent the present President from removing the Secretary of War*, the Secretary of the Navy, or the Secretary of State, and if I supposed that either of those gentlemen was so wanting in manhood, in honor, as to hold his place after the politest intimation from the President of the United States that his services were no longer needed, I certainly, as a Senator, would consent to his removal at any time, and so would we all.

The bill was passed with this authoritative explanation. The fourth point is that the President acted upon the advice of every member of his Cabinet except STANTON, and that this is proof that he did not *intend* to violate the law. Without a criminal intent there can be no crime, and should be no conviction. The remaining portion of Judge CURTIS' speech is taken up with a discussion of the articles of impeachment, and closes with the following eloquent declamation:

> It must be unnecessary for me to say anything concerning the importance of this case, not only now, but in the future. It must be apparent to any one in any way concerned, or in connection with this trial, that it is and will be the most conspicuous instance that has ever been or can ever be expected to be found of American justice, or of American injustice; of that justice which, Mr. Burke says, is the great standing policy of all civilized States; of that injustice which is certain to be condemned, which makes even the wisest man mad, and which, in the fixed and unalterable order of God's providence, is sure to return to plague the inventor.

The first witness introduced by the defense was General LORENZO THOMAS. He swore positively to the fact that the President never instructed him to use force, and that the President declared that his only object in removing STANTON was to get a decision from the courts. This testimony was objected to by BUTLER but admitted by the Senate by a vote of forty-three to ten. It further appeared that BUTLER had employed a spy to follow THOMAS and induce him to make damaging admissions, if possible. General SHERMAN was examined Saturday. The defense offered to prove by him that he had been offered the position of Secretary *ad interim*, at two separate times. This was admitted by the Senate. The President's counsel then offered to prove that the President had declared on both occasions that his only object was to get the question before the courts. The vote on the admission of this testimony stood—yeas twenty-five, nays twenty-seven. So the evidence was rejected. The vote is significant. The Court then adjourned. B. I. MEIGS, Clerk of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, was then called, and the records of the case of Stanton against Thomas were admitted by a vote of thirty-four to seventeen. Senator JOHNSON then proposed to ask General SHERMAN what the President stated his purpose to be in tendering him the appointment of Secretary *ad interim*. The question was *admitted* by a vote of twenty-six to twenty-three. General SHERMAN then testified that the President had said that the relations between himself and STANTON were such that he could not execute his duties as President of the United States, and that the President wanted the office administered in the interest of the country. General SHERMAN also stated that the President never expressed the idea of using force to get STANTON out of the War Department. The Senate then adjourned. We confess our inability to understand the rulings of the Senate on Saturday and Monday. To us, they seem to be directly opposed to each other.

THE manner in which Sergeant BATES was treated by the Radicals at Washington shows the meanness of that party. During Mr. BATES' journey through the South no indignity was offered the flag he bore. On the contrary, he was greeted everywhere with ovations and demonstrations of joy. While in the South neither BATES nor his flag was insulted, but when he reached Washington, where Radicals most do congregate, both he and his flag were rudely insulted. On arriving at the East gate, the policeman in charge of the door stated that he was ordered to allow no demonstration in the capitol without the written consent of Sergeant-at-arms BROWN, of the Senate. In thus refusing to permit Sergeant BATES to display from the dome of the Capitol at Washington the national flag, which he had borne in triumph through the South, the Radicals of Congress acted consistently. Wherever this brave soldier went among those who are denounced as rebels, the Stars and Stripes were hailed with loud acclaim by a populace which is this day devoted to the Constitution of the United States. From the dome of the Capitol at Richmond, where the Confederate Congress sat for years, the Old Flag was waved to the breeze, and the shouts of the very men who had battled with all their energies for a separate nationality attested that they are truly loyal. Distinguished ex-rebel chieftains everywhere took Sergeant BATES by the hand and cheered him on his way. He was constantly entertained at the expense of Southern towns and cities, and was welcomed and made at home among the men who had fought against the flag he bore. Everywhere evidence of the most convincing character was given that the people of the South are ready to act the part of faithful and law-abiding citizens. It remained for the Radicals who now hold possession of the Capitol at Washington, to insult the American flag, by refusing to permit it to be displayed from the dome of the building which they daily desecrate by the display of feelings of animosity to the Union and the Constitution. Let the people mark the contrast. The ex-rebels are loyal to-day, and the principal leaders of the Republican party are traitors to the best interests of the nation.

AN ordinance will be submitted to the voters of Memphis, on the 30th instant, to decide whether time bonds shall be issued for the purpose of funding the city debt. The great demand for some measure of this kind, to establish the credit of the city and relieve the people of worthless bonds, has so long been felt, that it seems scarcely necessary to urge the adoption of the ordinance. Every person in Memphis is directly or indirectly interested in this matter, and we believe that few votes will be polled for "no bonds." This ordinance will enable scrip holders to sell at advance rates, and to invest, if they elect in the thirty year bonds, at about fifty cents on the dollar. It is the intention of the city to relieve all the outstanding scrip at par against the new bonds at fifty per cent. This will re-establish the credit of the city abroad and relieve the people of an onerous burden at home.

Last Saturday a ghastly spectacle was witnessed near St. Louis which sent a thrill of horror through the city and makes all Christendom stand aghast: About one hundred coffins were seen floating and dancing, gleaming and swamping on the bosom of the Mississippi river. This solemn voyage of death and awful procession of the dead over the glassy waves of the treacherous river of death, was explained by the fact that the graves of the cholera victims at Arsenal island have been invaded by the current of the river, and the graves opened, allowing the coffins and uncoffined dead to float away toward Dixie. None of them reached Memphis, as it is supposed the coffins were caught at Cairo to see what was in them.

It has been ascertained that above one hundred and fifty dead bodies were washed away from Arsenal island, at St. Louis, last week. Thirty-eight or forty were recovered at different points; some were in coffins, others were not. There were plain board coffins, and coffins velvet-covered and silver-mounted. All classes of people were represented; the old and young, male and female, black and white, mingled together in funereal array, floating down the great river of death, which has engulfed so many of the living, and yet refused not to entomb the dead.

There are in New York 229 churches and 11 missions of evangelical character, thirty-four Catholic churches, six Jewish Synagogues, seven spiritualistic, etc., and nine of other denominations, making a total of 419 churches of all kinds, with accommodations for 290,000 persons. The resident population of the island is about 800,000.

A negro at Pulaski, Tennessee, who was unable to commit matrimony, because his dinah wouldn't have him, undertook, last week, as the next best thing to commit suicide by sawing his throat with a pleasingly dull knife, but his strength failed before he accomplished the desirable end.

A mail coach was attacked a few weeks since near Seguin, Texas, by four negro highwaymen. The horses being firery made their escape, bringing all off in safety.

General Buchanan has issued an order forbidding Bureau agents, in the Fifth Military District, from taking an active part in politics. This will spoil several carpet bag Congressmen.

The names of one hundred and seventy-three practising lawyers are inscribed on the roll of the Louisville Chancery Court.

Gold closed in New York yesterday at 139¼. Cotton nominal; 30½@ refused for middling. Sales small.

Dispatches received from South Carolina indicate the ratification of the Constitution by a large majority.

TELEGRAPH

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

A Resolution to Withdraw Articles of Impeachment Defeated.

Partial Election Returns from Southern States.

Recovery of Confederate Property in Europe by the U. S. Government.

Collision Between Brazilian and Paraguayan Forces.

Facts and Fancies from Washington.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, April 21.

Dispatches received by General Grant from General Canby, dated Charleston, April 20, give the following further particulars of the vote for the constitution in South Carolina: In twenty-one districts, registering 93,000 voters, partial returns give 54,000 votes polled. The same districts with full returns at the last election gave 53,000 votes. Partial returns from eighteen districts give 34,094 for the constitution and 11,224 against it. These returns indicate that there will be a majority for the constitution in all except three or four districts.

The Mayor and members of the City Council, recently appointed by General Schofield for Alexandria, Virginia, were installed there to-day. Only a few of the new officers are old citizens. About thirty of the old officers, who were unable to take the oath, as required by General Schofield, were removed, and also some eight or ten who could. All the new members are white.

Manager Boutwell purposes delivering his entire speech to-morrow before the Impeachment Court, notwithstanding its great length. It contains 53,000 words, according to calculations made from the proof sheets.

Mr. Evarts will speak Thursday in behalf of the President.

The Controller of Currency will publish in a few days an important circular, giving a detailed statement and explanation of the items that may constitute the lawful money reserve which the National Banks of the country are required to keep by Sections 31 and 32 of the National Currency act.

The force of the appointment office of the Treasury Department is now engaged in preparing, for transmission to the House, the required list, in response to the resolution adopted yesterday, asking the Secretary of the Treasury to communicate the names of all persons who have applied for appointments since the 20th of last February, with the names of those recommending them. It will be sent in in two or three days.

A communication from the Secretary of the Treasury shows that his department has recovered of Confederate property in Europe $144,157, and has disbursed $90,000 for counsel and other expenses.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, April 21.

The steamer South America, from Rio Janeiro the 25th ultimo, brings official accounts of the voyage of the Brazilian ironclads to Assuncion, whence they had returned to move with the land forces.

The Paraguayans made a brilliant attack, on the 2d of March, to capture the ironclads of the Brazilians below Humita. They boarded two of the vessels from boats, and were repulsed, after a hand to hand fight, with a loss of four hundred. The Brazilians lost thirty-two.

The Brazilian Expeditionary corps, ten thousand strong, was ready to start for Assuncion, but had not moved.

Lopez was said not to be at Humita, but at Tubecuary, superintending the defenses there.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, April 21.

No official returns have as yet been received, but as far as heard from the majority against the constitution in this city is 1,000, and in the parish of Orleans 384; in East Baton Rouge, 800; West Baton Rogue, 100. Caddo gives 300 majority against Conway, the Democratic candidate for Mayor, and a majority of the city officers. The parish of Orleans elects six Democratic Senators and a majority of Democrats in both Boards of the Common Council. A negro Recorder was elected in the third district.

Mann, the Democratic candidate for Congress in the first district, is ahead as far as heard from.

BOSTON.

BOSTON, April 21.

In Lowell, yesterday, the veteran sixth Massachusetts regiment celebrated the anniversary of their memorable march through Baltimore, by a parade, an oration from General Schroeder and a dinner. The public schools held a holiday, and but for the severe rains the citizens generally would have joined in the celebration.

ATLANTA.

ATLANTA, GA., April 21.

It is supposed that 2,600 votes have been polled, and it is believed that Gordon is 500 ahead.

The Fulton county Democratic Club has issued the following circular: "The Democrats of Fulton send their greeting to the people of Georgia, that Gordon is carrying all before him here, and will roll up 1,000 majority in this county.

WILMINGTON.

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 21.

The vote here is for the Constitution, 1,200; against, 570. At Welden, 294 for it and 37 against it. Some negroes here voted against it. The whites generally will vote on the second and third days, while the negroes vote on the first.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, April 21.

The river is falling fast, with thirteen feet six inches in the canal. The weather is clear and pleasant.

Departed—Dexter, for New Orleans.

ALBANY.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 21.

The trial of General Cole, indicted for the murder of L. H. Hiscock, the alleged seducer of his wife, commenced to-day. A portion of the jury were obtained and sworn in.

AUGUSTA.

AUGUSTA, April 21.

The Democratic vote to-day is large, but the Radicals will carry the county. The military are standing at the polls to preserve order.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, April 21.

About 23,000 votes were polled. The Democratic ticket for Judge and Clerk is elected by an average majority of 800. The Council stands twenty Radicals and twelve Democrats.

NEWBERRY.

NEWBERRY, N. C., April 21.

The vote for the constitution to-day is 1,250; against it 200. The full negro vote was polled.

CANADA.

OTTAWA, April 21.

The evidence against Whelan is daily becoming stronger. Since his arrest he has made several important admissions.

Patrick Bulkley, Doorkeeper of the House of Commons, has been arrested, in consequence of the contradictory nature of his evidence before the police magistrates.

From the evidence laid before the House yesterday, in reference to the abduction of Allen McDonald, Lord Monck will not acknowledge Mr. Seward's courtesy as characteristic of his conduct on every occasion on which his Excellency has had to appeal to him, and rather snubs the British Ambassador for declining to accept Mr. Seward's offer to surrender Mr. Duncan.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, April 21.

The counsel for General Nagle deny that he has sailed for America, as he has not been released on the terms granted to the other prisoners. Only two of the crew of the Jackmel packet were released.

PARIS, April 21.

The *Moniteur du Loir* has later South American advices, stating that no attack has yet been made upon Assumption, nor was one likely to be made, as the allies were acting almost entirely on the defensive.

Fortieth Congress---First Session

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, April 16.

A resolution was adopted to light the House by electricity.

Mr. Niblack had his name recorded as voting in favor of the bill concerning the rights of Americans abroad.

Mr. Robinson offered a resolution withdrawing the articles of impeachment, and instructing the Managers to suspend further proceedings.

The House, by a vote of 91 to 18, refused to consider it.

Mr. Johnson introduced a bill amendatory to the tenth section of the steamboat passenger law, which was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. Ingersoll introduced a resolution instructing the Postoffice Committee to inquire into the expediency of extending the franking privilege to the members of the legislative departments of such foreign Governments as extend the same to the legislative members of this Government, which was adopted.

Mr. Fiey, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, presented a number of adverse reports, which were tabled. Also, several unimportant Senate bills, which passed. Also, a House bill to amend certain acts in relation to the navy and marine corps. It limits the number of officers, non-commissioned officers and musicians of each corps to the number authorised by the act of March 2d, 1867, and of privates to 1,500, instead of 3,000, as now. The commissions of the present officers are not to be vacated, but no appointment is to be made in any grade until the number is reduced below the number prescribed by either of the sections of the bill. It abolishes the grade of mate and third assistant engineer in the navy, and repeals all the acts authorizing temporary acting officers in the navy. After considerable discussion the bill was passed.

The Speaker presented an Executive communication relative to certain efforts of the Treasury Department for the recovery of Confederate property in Europe. Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

The Senate bill amending the Bankrupt law passed, with an amendment to the first section, making it read January 1st, 1869, instead of June 1st, 1869.

The Impeachment Trial.

Special Telegraphic Correspondence of the Louisville Courier.]

WASHINGTON, April 19.

Mr. Evarts stated to the Court yesterday that Mr. Stanbery possibly might desire to submit other proof on Monday, if he were present, but his physical condition to-night forbids his attending to-morrow. He was so much indisposed that his associates were not allowed to see him. Still he hopes to be in Court Tuesday.

The case for the defense is, therefore, virtually closed.

The prosecution will have little or no rebutting proof, as they have abandoned the idea of calling Grant as a witness. There would have been some rich developments about his trip with the President if he had been called, and the Managers acted wisely in not calling the gentleman.

Boutwell will open the argument for the Managers, and be followed by Evarts and Stanbery. Old fussy, Bingham, will close the argument.

The Radicals to night are sanguine of the result. The friends of the President are less hopeful.

DIED.

At Irvington, New Jersey, on Sunday, 19th instant, Mrs. H. B. JOHNSON, wife of H. B. JOHNSON, Esq., of this city.

In this city, on Sunday morning, April 19, at six o'clock JOHN HUDSON, a native of the city of Dublin, Ireland, aged twenty-two years

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

VARIETIES THEATER,

Corner of Main and Washington Streets.

O. H. H. BLOOM ..... Proprietor

ONLY PLACE OF AMUSEMENT OPEN IN THE CITY

A MONSTER BILL TO-NIGHT.

Consisting of Ballads, Duets, Comic Vocalism, Fancy Dances, Rhinopian Sketches, Farces, Pantomimes, etc., in all forming

A RICH, RARE AND RACY ENTERTAINMENT.

Admission only Fifty Cents. Private Boxes Five Dollars. Doors open at half-past six, performance to commence at half-past seven o'clock. apr4

Howard Association

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Howard Association will be held at the Circuit Court rooms, northeast corner of Union and Second, this Wednesday evening, at 7½ o'clock. All members are respectfully requested to be in attendance. By order of R. W. AINSLIE, President.

A. G. REYNAUD, Secretary. ap22-1t

To the Public.

THE STOCKHOLDERS of the TENNESSEE SAVINGS INSTITUTION have determined to close up their Banking Business under its present organization. They have unanimously avoided extensive operations, and their deposit account was always restricted unimpeached, while the outstanding liabilities to them are few. They are therefore in a condition to wind up without hindrance or delay. To this end they invite all those having claims against the Institution to present them on or before 1st of May next.

T. C. BETHELL, President.
J. K. P. PRITCHARD, Cashier.

Notice.

To whom it may Concern.

IN the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, on the first Monday of May, 1868, I will apply for the letters of administration on the estate of J. H. Taylor, deceased, in the County Court of said county.

apr22 Z. ANDERSON.

E. O. HURD,

COTTON COMMISSION MERCHANT

No. 101 Sycamore St, and 24 Hammond st.,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

☞ Liberal Advances made on Consignments. Orders solicited. apr22

Administratrix's Notice.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of David James Jamison, deceased, having been granted to me by the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, at its April term, 1868, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to pay such indebtedness to me; and I hereby notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred. LOUIE A. JAMESON,

apr22 Administratrix of David Jameson, deceased.

ATTENTION! LADIES.

AUCTION SALE OF DRY GOODS!

I WILL sell, commencing on THURSDAY, April 23, at ten o'clock, to be continued from day to day until the entire stock is sold, at the store of Messrs. ISLAUER & PRITZ, No. 293 Main street, their stock of DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, HATS, SHOES, etc.

apr22 A. J. ROBERSON, Auctioneer.

SIGN OF THE ELLIS ENGRAVER STENCIL CUTTER 359 MAIN ST. MEMPHIS, TENN.

ST. LAZARUS' SACRED CONCERT,

AT

St. Lazarus Church, on Madison St.,

ON

FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 24, 1868.

THE CONCERT will be under the direction of Professor LEO WHEAT, assisted by the best Musical Talent in the city.

TICKETS ONE DOLLAR. apr22

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HERNANDO INSURANCE COMPANY

No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a general Insurance business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, President.

Directors:

E. McDAVITT, M. L. MEACHAM,
D. B. TOWNSEND, S. B. WILLIAMSON,
A. VACCARO, HENRY LAIRD,
S. H. DUNSCOMB.

BEN MAY, Secretary.

Memphis City Schools.

THE ANNUAL ORAL EXAMINATION OF THE CITY SCHOOLS will commence on MONDAY, April 27, and be conducted in the following order:

Monday morning, commencing at nine o'clock, the Schools in the Exchange building.
Monday Evening—The Schools in Chelsea.
Tuesday—The Schools on Alabama street.
Wednesday—The Schools on Linden street.
Thursday Morning—The Schools on Adams street.
Thursday Evening—The Schools on Court street.

W. R. MITCHELL, Superintendent of City Schools. apr22

Lumber! Lumber!

FULL assortment of Building and Finishing Lumber, Flooring, Ceiling, Weatherboarding, Shingles, Laths, Sash, Doors and Blinds. All very low for cash. Cedar Posts from twenty-five to fifty cents each.

M. E. & J. W. COCHRAN,
Foot of Washington street. fab22

MENKEN BROTHERS

HAVE RECEIVED A NEW LOT OF

Elegant Dress Goods

—AND—

LACE POINTS

MENKEN BROTHERS

OFFER TO

WHOLESALE BUYERS

DRY GOODS

—AT—

NEW YORK PRICES

apr19

MEMPHIS RACING ASSOCIATION

SPRING MEETING---APRIL 27

THE following Stakes over the Memphis Association Course closed on the 8th instant, with the following entries:

First Day—Monday, April 27, 1868.

FIRST RACE—Dash of one mile, for two year olds; Purse $200; two or more to fill.

F. MITCHELL enter br c Prehaps, two years old, by Don Juan; dam by Eagle. Jersey Red and white.

J. CHOATE enters b f Unit, two years old, sire unknown; dam by imp Glencoe.

J. O. BALLENTINE enters b c, 2 years old, by West Australia; dam Iodine.

Same Day.

SECOND RACE—Mile heats; three in five; free for all; three or more to fill. Purse $300.

YANCY & GREENFIELD enters c c Transit, four years old, by Boston Wind; dam Prairie Flower by imp nonpareil.

F. BISSICKS enters ch f Maggie Hunter, four years old by Australian; dam Reads I Say, by Glencoe.

F. BISSICKS enters b c Pat Malloy, three years old, by Lexington; dam Gloriana, by American Eclipse.

DUNCAN & McCLARAN enter s f Viola, four years old, by Jack Malone; dam Second Wagner

F. MITCHELL enters b h Pat Osbourne, five years old, by Hiawatha; dam by imp Emu. Dress—Red and white.

E. A. SMITH enters g m Nelly Gwynne, six years old, by imp Bonnie Scotland; dam Gray Alice, by Chorister.

E. A. SMITH enters ch h Rochester, four years old, by imp Bonnie Scotland; dam Lady Chanticler, by Monarch.

Third Day.

FIRST RACE—Dash two miles; entrance $20 p p; for three year olds; $200 added; horse to add $50; three or more to fill. Entrance money to go to second horse.

M. C. COSTILLO enters b c Seagull, three years old, by Bill Cheatham; dam Swannie, by Child Harold. Dress—Green and white.

M. C. COSTILLO enters b f, three years old, by Shelby; dam Paricine, by imp Trashy. Dress—Green and white.

F. BISSICKS enters b c Pat Malloy, three years old, by Lexington; dam Gloriana, by American Eclipse.

F. BISSICKS enters b c Hazard, three years old, by Lexington; dam Reads I Say, by Glencoe.

E. A. SMITH enters ch f Young Lady, three years old, by imp Bonnie Scotland; dam Adelia, by imp Albion. Dress—Blue and white.

A. D. GIBSON,
apr19 Secretary Memphis Association Course.

WE INVITE ESPECIAL ATTENTION

TO OUR STOCK OF

FURNISHING GOODS!

SHOULDER, SEAM, DIAMOND,

AND F. Y. S. SHIRTS.

UNDERWEAR

of all Seasonable Fabrics.

ENGLISH HOSIERY,

In Great Variety.

TRUNKS, VALISES, PORTMANTEUS,

New and Desirable Styles.

ROBESON, SNEED & CO.,

No. 261 Main Street,

(Old Stand Mack Brothers' & Bohm) apr19

CLOTHING!

ROBESON, SNEED & CO.

261 MAIN STREET,

OLD STAND MACK BROTHERS & BOHM,

ARE IN RECEIPT OF

New & Desirable Styles

OF

SPRING CLOTHING

WHICH ARE OFFERED

AT MODERATE PRICES

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATHS, DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, Etc.

Cheaper than ever. Orders from the country promptly and faithfully attended to.

W. T. SWANWICK & CO.,

Foot Adams Street,

Opposite Bradley Block. mh8

E. H. FLYNN, RETAIL GROCER.

No. 50 Beale Street.

HAS for sale FRESH COUNTRY BUTTER, SLICED HAM and CHIP BEEF, of the best quality. apr21

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS

IN THE

MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY

THE following named gentlemen have been duly elected Directors of said Company, to-wit: E. McDavitt, F. W. Smith, John T. Stratton, Wm. A. Goodwyn, W. D. Waldran, J. P. Frank, J. T. Ferguson, Napoleon Hill, M. K. Cochran.

At a meeting of said Directors held the 17th of April, 1868, E. McDavitt was elected President; F. W. Smith, Vice-President, and R. A. Parker, Secretary.

A call of ten per cent. on the capital stock was ordered to be paid on or before the 1st day of May next. The secretary can be found, at present, at the office of the People's Insurance Company, No. 16 Madison street.

E. McDAVITT, President.
R. A. PARKER, Secretary. apr21

For Sale.

$6,000 CASH will buy the Lot, Store and Fixtures; also, a good assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, etc., suitable for the trade. Good business established. Perfectly satisfactory reasons for selling. Twenty-five thousand dollars trade annually. For particulars address SCHUMAN & WINTER,

apr21 Indian Bay, Arkansas.

Floral Tribute to Confederate Dead.

ON SATURDAY, April 25, commencing at nine o'clock a.m.,

The Memphis and Charleston Railroad

Will run Trains every half hour between the DEPOT, head of Jefferson street, and a point nearest ELMWOOD CEMETERY. Fare Ten Cents each way.

apr21 W. J. ROSS, General Sup't.

Tax Payers, Take Notice

BY a recent act of the General Assembly of the State, it is made my sworn duty to add twenty-five per cent. to all taxes on property thus inallowed to be advertised for non-payment of taxes. It is also made unlawful for me to give a receipt for taxes after the property is advertised, unless payment of the said twenty-five per cent is made in addition to said taxes, costs and fees consequent on said advertising.

I refer all parties interested to sections 17 and 18 of the "Act to Amend the Revenue Laws of this State," published in the Memphis Appeal April 14, 15 and 16; also, in the Memphis Weekly Post of the 9th of April.

All property which has been reported to the Circuit Court must, according to legal enactment, be advertised at least forty days previous to the first Monday in July. The Tax Collector and Printer will require days to make their preparations for publishing. I am disposed to give all the indulgence that the law allows, but it will be really out of my power to extend this indulgence beyond the 30th day of May next. Let all who would save themselves Double and unnecessary expense be advised in time. I shall not withhold publication of ANY OWE'S PROPERTY who fails to pay by the 15th of May, and I hope my friends will remember that I cannot attend to everybody on the VERY LAST DAY. Those who are wise will come forward early and receive prompt attention, and so avoid a crowd and the consequent confusion and possible mistakes which are sure to occur in the hurry of the last days on which a Tax Collector keeps his office open for receipts of taxes.

PHILIP GARVIN, T. C. S. C.
Ledger copy. apr19

BRUNSON BAYLISS, Memphis, Tenn. ROBERT T. SAUNDERS, Memphis, Tenn.
JOHN EVERITT, London, England.

BAYLISS, EVERITT & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND

GENERAL AGENTS,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

EVERITT, LUCAS & CO.,

AGENTS,

All Hallows Chambers, Lombard Street,

LONDON, ENGLAND.

WE are prepared to purchase, on orders, all commodities, both in Europe and America, and to make liberal advances on consignments of produce shipped to any markets in Europe, including Cotton, Tobacco, etc.

Our object is to have a bona fide Direct Trade, and hope the people will favor us in every possible way in this important enterprise. apr19

To whom it may Concern.

I WILL, on the first Monday of the May term of the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, apply for letters of administration on the estate of James Sullivan, deceased.

apr17 MICHAEL McFADDEN.

Bouquets, Evergreens, Pyramids and Crosses and Flowers

PUT up in all styles for to decorate the Confederate Graves. The ladies will be furnished with every kind of Flowers and Evergreens at 49 North Court street, by that Southern Florist. apr19 J. J. ROE.

Cotton Yarns! Cotton Yarns!

A FULL SUPPLY always on hand at WM. R. MOORE & CO.'S, apr19 No. 289 Main street.

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Cotton Yarns! Cotton Yarns!

A FULL SUPPLY always on hand at WM. R. MOORE & CO.'S, apr19 No. 289 Main street.

OLD WINE & LIQUOR HOUSE

Established by Raphael Semmes in 1819.

B. J. SEMMES & CO.,

Irving Block, 254 Second Street, Memphis, Tenn.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS, ETC.

Import Direct

Martell Brandies, Port, Sherry and Other Wines.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Moet & Chandon's "Green Seal" Champagne.

Yannissee and Westmoreland Whiskey

oct8

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

GEO. PATTISON & CO.,

NO. 317 1-2 MAIN STREET, WEST SIDE,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN SCHOOL, MISCELLANEOUS

BLANK AND MEMORANDUM BOOKS.

A large and well selected stock of everything in our line kept constantly on hand at Lowest Market Price. Wholesale dealers would do well to examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere. mh6

FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.,

GROCERS, COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 209 Main Street, Four Doors North of Adams, Memphis, Tenn.,

General Dealers in Plantation Supplies.

IN ADDITION, ALWAYS HAVE

Choice Michigan Butter, Extra Golden Syrup, Buckwheat Flour,
Shaker Preserves, Canned Fruits, Pickles, Green and Black Teas,
Sugar, Flour, Meal, Lard, Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon,
Choice Coffees, Irish Potatoes, Hominy, Beans, Pearl Barley.

Have in store a consignment of DRIED PEACHES—finest in the market.

☞ Captain KEALHOFER gives special attention to Cotton and Produce consigned to the house. ja30

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Election Notice.

IN accordance with an act of the Legislature, passed December 3, 1867, and an ordinance passed by the Board of Aldermen, April 7, and approved by the Mayor April 10, 1868, the following ordinance will be submitted to the qualified voters of the city, at an

Election to be held on Thursday, the 30th instant

A list of Judges and Clerks, and places for voting, will be announced by the Sergeant-at-Arms, by whom the election will be held.

E. McDAVITT, Acting Mayor.

April 19, 1868.

TIME BONDS.

Be it ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Memphis, as foll

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

WEDNESDAY, : : : APRIL 22, 1868

OFFICIAL JOURNAL

OF THE CITY AND BOARD OF SCHOOL VISITORS.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail Daily	3:00 P.M.	12:00 P.M
Through Express Daily	10:00 P.M.	11:30 P.M
Cornish accommodation Daily, except Sunday		6:00 A.M
Bommerville Accommodation (daily, except Sunday)	8:35 A.M.	5:00 P.M

Railroad time twenty minutes faster than city time. Ticket Offices, 278 Main street and at Depot.

☞ Through Express does not leave Saturdays or arrive Sundays.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express—Daily	2:35 P.M.	4:15 P.M.
Sardis Accommodation, Daily, except Sunday	9:20 A.M	1:30 P.M.
Freight, North, Monday, Wednesday and Friday; South, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	3:35 P.M.	5:30 A.M.

Takes effect Sunday, March 8, 1868.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	10:15 A.M.	7:00 A.M.
Night Express	3:15 P.M.	4:00 P.M.

Railroad time 15 minutes faster than city. Ticket office No. 257½ Main street. Depot head of Main street.

POST OFFICE ARRANGEMENTS.

CLOSING OF MAILS.

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Baltimore, and all cities North and West, at 2:30 p.m.

For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, New York, Nashville and all cities South and East, at 12:45 p.m.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities South, at 2:15 p.m.

All stations on Mississippi and Tennessee Southern and New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroads, at 2:15 p.m.

All Stations on the Memphis and Louisville and Branch railroads, at 2:00 p.m.

All Stations on the Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee Railroads, at 12:45 p.m.

JOSEPH C. GOFF, Postmaster.

Officers and conductors of railroads are requested to give no free transportation to any one on the credit of the Avalanche.

M. C. GALLAWAY & CO

Doors, Glass, Sash and Blinds can be bought low at B. K. Plain & Co.'s, 364 Second street. 1m

Our hats are the *best*. Leidy & Co, 269 Main street, opposite the Square. 6t

NUT COAL.—A fresh supply just received and for sale by Brown & Jones, 247 Second street.

We will sell our damaged stock regardless of cost or value. Hesse & Co, 234 Main street. tf

Remember, Hesse & Co's stock of damaged goods must be sold without regard to price or value, at 234 Main street. tf

Cakes, ice cream and soda water, every day and evening, at Burton's, corner of Fourth and Poplar street. Separate saloon for ladies and families. tf

Remember, Hesse & Co's stock of damaged goods must be sold without regard to price or value, at 234 Main street. tf

The *finest* and *latest* styles of hats to be found at Leidy & Co's, 269 Main street, opposite the Square. 6t

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.—Lost yesterday, on Main street, a lady's gold breast pin, cross shaped. The above reward will be paid by Lawrence Carter & Co., No. 222 Front street. 2t

COST! COST!! COST!!!—The large and splendid stock of boots, shoes and hats—one of the finest in the South—is closed out at less than Eastern cost, for cash, at J. T. Hanlan & Co.'s, No. 279 Main street. 1m

Murray and Ridgely, merchant tailors, 21 Madison street, have received a well selected stock of cloths, cassimeres and vestings, which for style and quality, cannot be surpassed in this or any other city. 1m

NEWS IN BRIEF.

An interesting letter from "Viator," on immigration, appears on the fourth page.

Copies of the AVALANCHE Contempt Case, pamphlet, can be purchased at the book stores and news depots.

Frank Heck will be brought before Squire Griffith this morning, charged with assaulting John C. Burke with intent to kill.

Allen Harris, colored, a noted horse thief, has been captured.

Ten cases were tried in the Police Court yesterday morning.

Stock was stolen from the residences of T. B Edgington and W. P. Wilson, Esqs., in the suburbs, Monday night.

The annual examination of the city schools will commence on the 27th.

Buffalo gnats have put in an appearance, and are already annoying stock. They are the most pestiferous little cusses out.

The *Bee*, the new Democratic paper for Haywood county, will be issued next week.

The Tennessee Savings Institution is winding up its affairs, previous to closing. Captain Pritchard, its Cashier, intending to engage in other pursuits.

Bishop Early has written that he will be here early next month—a fact that will interest our Methodist readers.

An enterprising contemporary has "special correspondence" from Chicago, which bears a family resemblance to something of the same sort which we happened to come across in a Georgia paper.

A series of religious exercises is being held in the Tabernacle.

The second fire Monday night was caused by the burning of a small building on the Raleigh road, beyond the city limits.

Rev. Dr. Rivers, the able and well known divine of Somerville, Tennessee, intends leaving for either Kentucky or California, having received advantageous offers from both States. He is one of the most accomplished teachers in the Southwest, and we should regret to learn of his departure from Tennessee.

Messrs. J. O. Pierce, — Holbrook, J. C. Lullman and Charles Morris have been elected trustees of the Union Congregational church.

A couple of mackerels made a raid on a fruit stand, near the corner of Court and Second streets, Monday night, getting away with some apples and candy.

A Radical paper, called the *West Tennessecan*, is to be issued at Huntingdon next week.

Sweet Hamilton has gone to Nashville to pipelay for Congress.

The magistrates' courts were unusually dull yesterday.

Frank McGee, charged with stealing two overcoats from John Costillo, worth fifty dollars; and Agnes Mayfield, arrested for passing a counterfeit two dollars on a stallwart African called George Washington, will be tried before Esquire Kiernan to-day.

The Common Law Court has issued execution against the county for the cost that accrued in the DuBose habeas corpus case against Judge Leonard, the latter not having paid or secured them. The County Commissioners have instructed the County Attorney to have the judgments vacated.

On application Mr. Joseph Tagg has been relieved from the bonds of Mr. George M. Greeley, County Register.

The proposed benefit of the Masonic relief fund has taken definite shape. The Serious Family is to be performed, and a rehearsal will be had Thursday night.

The funeral of Mr. William Hunthausen, the victim of the Adams street saloon affray, was largely attended by our German fellow citizens yesterday morning.

The Sunday travel on the street railway, especially on the lines conveying passengers beyond the city limits, has become extensive—too great for the number and capacity of the cars thus employed. Now, this is a matter worthy attention, to get into the country, at little expense, hundreds seek to avail themselves of it who seldom find themselves beyond brick and mortar.

Captain Samuel Rose, the well known attorney, has purchased, of Mr. Mundord, the Tipton *Weekly Record*, published at Covington, and will assume entire control on Friday. Captain Rose is a young man of ability, has had considerable newspaper experience, and our contemporary, in his hands, will lose none of the force and vigor which have already gained it an enviable reputation among our country exchanges.

LAKE'S CIRCUS.—Among the attractions at Lake's circus, to be here on the 30th, is little Minnie, the smallest and youngest equestrienne in the world. Although scarcely larger than a gossamer, she rides easily, gracefully and fearlessly. Hiram Marks, the celebrated clown, is also with Lake's circus. Both will appear each afternoon and evening.

The *Christian Advocate* of this week says: "The Rev. John F. Truslow has for some weeks labored faithfully and usefully in the protracted meeting at Central Church. His preaching has been earnest, spiritual, and evangelical; and much good resulted from it by the blessing of God. Precious souls have been converted, and believers strengthened in the faith. Brother Truslow returns to his own charge, with the esteem and affection of many brethren in this city."

Rev. E. B. Crisman's doctrinal sermon, preached on the anniversary of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church, has been issued in pamphlet form in this city. It contains an interesting history of the facts connected with the origin of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church, with objections to doctrines of the Westminster Confession of Faith, in justification of the separation from the old branch of those who constituted and continue the Cumberland Presbyterian Church.

DIRECT TRADE.

An Englishman's Conclusions After Six Weeks in the South.

The Need of Labor and How to Obtain it—Some Suggestions.

Direct Trade Between Memphis and Europe—The Evil, How Remedied.

Very Interesting Address of Mr. Everett, of London, at the Chamber of Commerce.

Pursuant to a call a large number of citizens assembled at the Chamber of Commerce last night to hear an address from Mr. John Everitt, of London, England, on the subject of direct trade. A little after eight o'clock the meeting was called to order by Mr. T. A. Nelson, President of the Chamber of Commerce, who stated the object of the call, and introduced Mr. Everitt to the audience.

He commenced by saying that he had accepted the invitation of the Chamber of Commerce with great pleasure. It was his intention to take a retrospect of his Southern tour, and make a few suggestions to the people of affairs as he viewed them.

He had seen nothing during his trip through the South to change his views or modify his convictions. You have in this country every element necessary to make this a great, most prosperous country. The one thing needful is labor. To obtain it, it is necessary to take steps to create full confidence in the minds of those sought to be induced to leave their own country. It is in vain to expect them to come as mere machines. You will not get the best class of immigrants unless steps are taken to show them that they are welcome and that you earnestly desire them among you.

The whole matter depends on the Southern people themselves. Unless they make a sacrifice, a change of policy, and present something more promising than has been offered heretofore, it is in vain to talk. The speaker was delighted to know that already many old prejudices have given away, and hoped all would give way, and believed that before long a hearty welcome would be extended to all desirous of becoming identified with the Southern people. It is certain that this is designed to be a great country. It presents the finest fields for labor, and can be made to furnish the greatest reward for labor of any country the sun ever shone on.

This territory of thirteen States exports a larger amount of produce than any other country on the globe. This is a simple matter of fact, as proved by the official records. Of course England exports more than you do—not of productions of the soil, but manufactures. Another fact is, that to produce this wealth your land never had, in the palmiest days of Southern prosperity, two million of laborers. With two millions of laborers in thirteen States you produce a larger amount of exporting wealth than any other country. No other country has ever produced as much with five times as much labor. If this is not the greatest argument in favor of this country, the speaker could not understand what was. It becomes revolutnes to every reflecting mind. If this handful produces the largest exports of any country, what will be the result of twenty millions? Even then you won't get under cultivation all the land you have. You want fifty millions before you get to that position to dive into the earth and obtain what is hidden from view. He who is not alive to the importance of labor, is blind to the prosperity of the country. Every man should be resolved that labor should be spread over the country. You want to build up your levees and keep them from devastating your crops, and build up a pedestal of power that will give you such a position as will delight even the imagination of the most sanguine mind.

If Memphis advances as she should, and as she will, it will be by multiplying plows. Cultivate the soil, and everything else in Memphis, a great center, thickly settled all around you, throwing everything into your market. If Memphis is to be a great city and rank as she will, if all are true to yourselves, there is not a man who should not be stirred to his utmost.

The relation of labor is the same to the country as direct trade is to the city. The speaker saw no reason why Memphis should not rival St. Louis. There is no difficulty of a disparagement kind. You have the same river, the same net work of railroads; you will soon have by railroad, as you now have by river, direct communication with Arkansas. There can be nothing urged against Memphis being a great center. She is in the center of a great cotton growing country, and, although the speaker would be sorry to see the people cultivate cotton to the exclusion of cereals, and thus be dependent upon others for what they should furnish them, still there ought to be a large quantity grown.

The speaker believed that the best means to produce this result is direct trade. What is meant by direct trade? The moment Memphis becomes a center of direct trade she is no longer unknown to Europe and to fame. The moment the city is thus lifted up, she becomes a world-wide known place. One great trouble with the South is that she has had a mere dependant or secondary existence. She has been dependent on others when able to supply them. The people have been through a dark ginle—never straight or to the point. Until a few years ago, Memphis was a mere suburb of New Orleans, eight hundred miles away. You sent your cotton and put up with a margin. This is a fact. Only during the past few years has this monstrous absurdity been swept away. The idea is monstrous. Such a city as Memphis has no business to be second to any place, nor should the South. When the South recovers from her present prostration, she can assert her dignity, and need bow to no section. It is in your power to lay the foundation of a great commercial empire.

To play second rate has been the misfortune of the South. The price you have paid for the experience should teach you the importance of the lesson. The speaker desired the people to perform the great duty devolving upon them, instead of indolently allowing opportunities to slip by. Unless they strive for the first rank they will soon be crushed, and forced to the rear. All should put their hands resolutely to the plow with all necessary resolution, or the golden opportunity is lost to Memphis.

Direct trade also means that Memphis shall be known the world over as the representative of a large portion of Tennessee, Alabama and Mississippi; that it shall be known that if the residents want any articles, they can find them, as Americans say, "right here," at the smallest possible price.

Memphis has already an air line to Norfolk, which is anxious to secure the trade. Everybody looks to Norfolk, but the people have not made up their minds how to bring it all about. Colonel Tate has already sent five hundred bales of cotton to Liverpool, via Norfolk, saving twenty days in time and two dollars per bale in cost. If you make Memphis a grand center of attraction, you can have connections all through and abundance of money to secure direct trade. He would not shut out any port. If Pensacola could do, why try Pensacola. But Norfolk is the port for Memphis. You can find in Europe a good market for your lumber, some of which is the finest the speaker ever saw; the iron ore cannot be excelled, and he believed the iron could be taken to Norfolk on cars, thrown into shiphold, and sold in Europe at a large advance on cost.

Mr. Everitt next alluded to former efforts to secure direct trade, and said it failed because they not started properly. He had met a merchant who had purchased from a London house, and knew the value of five per cent., and what handling costs. The speaker was not dependent on direct trade. Like immigration, he found it a lost child. He wanted to help the South, and expected to make it pay if he could. He was determined to leave no stone unturned to help the people, that they might have control of whatever they want, from a paper of pins to an iron church, he should furnish them. He wanted to cut a channel that profit may run in it. The North are wise. They take your money and furnish your goods. The South was unwise. Now that the South is getting a new start, the people want life begun on a new and independent basis, and win their own way to wealth. [Applause.]

Suppose only ten per cent. be saved on the cost of imported goods. It would go a long way beyond paying all your city debts. Give me, said Mr. Everitt, that per cent. on your imports during the last twenty years, and I will agree to pay for all the Nicolson pavement you need for the next ten years and build you a church besides. [Laughter.] He had seen an imported article supposed to have been bought at first cost. Upon enquiry he learned that it had cost thirty per cent. above what he knew to be manufacturers' prices. It is an axiom in business, that if you want to buy a thing well, you must go where it is made. The farther off you go, the poorer it is. No man is properly served in a second or third rate market. Direct trade, fairly managed—and if not, people will drop it—will benefit rich and poor alike. By the saving thus brought about, the people will soon have the means of making things for themselves that have been procured by this direct trade.

Direct trade means another thing. It means that your crops will find another market. Looking at the census the speaker discovered that New York led all other States in growing hops. Here they grow spontaneously. This one point is worth reflecting upon. Sweet potatoes, grapes, beans, etc., can also find a good market. He had tasted wines from scuppernong grapes equal to any he ever tasted in Europe, where the word scuppernong and the grape itself are unknown. Why not make the wine here and ship it to Europe? Instead of Rhine wine why not say Mississippi wine? The speaker remembered—and he was yet a young man—when Rhine wine was never heard of; but the people there determined it should be heard of, and it was. Are not the Mississippi and Tennessee rivers as fertile and lovely as the Rhine? Why not say Tennessee wine? The speaker expected to see the day when he should call for and drink a bottle labeled "Tennessee wine."

He was surprised to learn, a few weeks ago, of the properties and growth of the Scuppernong grape. Get direct trade, and all Europe will know about it, and also about the Southern forests of cypress, black walnut, pine, etc., and ore. Once make Memphis a great central point, and all the products of the country will speedily find their way to Europe. When the Europeans get your wine, hops, lumber, etc., they will ask: "Where did this come from?" And the answer will be: "From Memphis, eight hundred miles above New Orleans." That's the way people will talk. Make direct trade known; let the same resolution, fortitude and heroism that characterized you in the late deadly struggle be shown, and you will upon place yourselves in the front rank of fame and prosperity. You have everything with which to make a city, if you but apply yourselves as you should. When people talk about you, work the harder. Whatever you send, let it be the best and finest; that's the way. Now that I have become a sort of itinerant citizen, I have more feeling in the matter; and, terrible as is the gloom that has settled like a pall over many homes, if you are true to yourselves, your prosperity will in time exceed even your most sanguine anticipations. It is all in your hands. You can make Memphis the rival of any of the great cities of the country. What made Cincinnati? Why, grapes, pigs and—nothing else. [Laughter.] You have pigs, grapes, and everything else besides. I believe that what labor will do for agriculture, direct trade will do for Memphis. Labor is the forlorn hope of agriculture—direct trade the forlorn hope for Memphis.

The speaker then alluded to his recent visit to Vicksburg, whose people were rapidly awakening to the necessities of their salvation, projecting new railways, etc. When he came to this country he had no thought of engaging in a direct trade project. He had met General Richardson and Captain Saunders in London, and came to inquire into the propriety of urging his clients to loan money to Southern planters. But he soon saw that this was "played out." But he felt that this was a great country. Like the old Scotchman, he felt it in his bones; and in going through the country, asking questions, he saw that this was the day and hour, and, at last, that Memphis was the place to establish direct trade. That was why he was here talking about it.

Don't stop any longer; don't come to me in London unless I can serve you better than anybody else; but go to somebody. Make a start; begin by little. Don't think that I will send a cargo to New Orleans, to be brought here by a tug and thrown on the market at what it will bring. That is not my way of doing business, and not the way to build up a strong interest. If any man wants anything from me, he must order it. I want to establish matters on a firm foundation, and do not expect to jump into a big thing at once.

The Chamber of Commerce should regard this as a matter of importance, demanding their most earnest consideration. It is the duty of the members to take the lead. You can collect valuable information about your lands and resources, and the requirements of the country—cram a pamphlet, and spread it over Europe, and I will guarantee that anything sent me will go to the right place. It won't tell from any other quarter; but the official action will scatter all misconceptions, because coming from accredited commercial representatives. Another thing: You have a custom house; send all you can through it both ways. Make it work.

Mr. Everitt closed by expressing his thanks to the audience for having listened to him so patiently. Only a few weeks ago he came to the South, a stranger, and he had been bewitched by the kindness and cordiality he had met him on all hands. He confessed that he had never spent six weeks that had gratified and taught him more, and he would return to England a larger man mentally, with higher notions about this great country. He would say, without flattery, that in the had met in the South some of the finest men he had ever seen. The attractions here were so great that they might one day draw him back. He was no politician, and had never spoken a word of politics. He had discarded politics, and wished his hearers could all discard it. His desire was to bring about a better state of affairs for the South, and especially for Memphis.

Mr. Everitt, in conclusion, thanked the audience and the public for the many kindnesses he had received during his visit. He was taking a final farewell and might never see them again. He had offered them practical thoughts, and hoped they would adopt them. Nothing would afford him a greater pleasurer than to see the South rise, Phœnix like, from her ashes, and start forth on a career of prosperity and influence. He again expressed his faith in the integrity and glorious future of the South, and closed.

Mr. J. M. Hill took the chair, and Colonel Nelson proceeded to read the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, It having been made manifest by the address of Mr. John Everitt, of England, that direct trade between this section of our country and Europe can be established, on a basis of mutual advantage, by the exchange of the products of the soil and manufactories of the different parts of the country, beyond the Atlantic, and which we, to a very limited extent, now enjoy, except through and by the agencies of the North and enterprise of other and more fortunate sections of our country, and who, to a large extent, reap their profits from the "sweat of our brow;" and whereas, our duty to ourselves demands that we should realize the best price we can get for our labor, by selling in the best market and buying where our wants can be supplied at the *lowest* rate. Therefore,

Resolved, That we will encourage such direct trade with foreign countries as it may seem our interest to do, and that we invite to come among us those who have the capital and enterprise to carry out that desirable result.

Resolved, That we are not prejudiced against or wedded to any particular line of railroad or steamboats, but will protect our interests by encouraging such as offer the cheapest rates, the best facilities and most prompt attention to the transportation of our freight.

Resolved, That we would hail with delight the establishment of a regular line of steam vessels from Norfolk, Virginia, to ports in Europe, believing that route to be made the cheapest and most expeditious in reaching those ports.

Resolved, That the region of country contiguous to Memphis, embracing West Tennessee, North Alabama, North Mississippi, and the Middle and Eastern parts of Arkansas, offers to persons in Europe, as well as the Northern States of our own country, the greatest inducements—of fertile soil, pure water, good health, and salubrious climate—to emigrate and settle amongst us.

Resolved, That we pledge ourselves, as well as all good men in country and town, to extend the hand of welcome to all good people who may come amongst us, regardless of locality or nationality, and we will afford them such facilities as may be in our power, in establishing them as agriculturists or otherwise, in a country which offers inducements of the cheapest and most productive lands.

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed by the Chairman of this meeting, to take such steps and make such suggestions, from time to time, as will encourage a healthy and profitable trade with other sections, and to convey such information by pamphlet, or otherwise, to the people of the Northern States and of Europe, showing them the statistics of products of our soil, climate, etc., and offering assurances that their lives and property are as safe and as well protected as in any other section of our country, false reports to the contrary notwithstanding.

Resolved, That the thanks of this meeting be and are extended to Mr. Everitt, for the information he has given us in his three addresses before our people, and the interest he has manifested in improving our condition, by inaugurating direct trade and encouraging immigration to a country which cannot be excelled by any under the sun, and that we part with him with great reluctance, and wish him a safe return to his distant home, and express the hope that he will again visit us when our resources are greater and our hearts more buoyant.

The following committee was appointed by the Chair: John T. Trezevant, William R. Moore, Robertson Topp, W. B. Greenlaw, Branson Bayless. Colonel Nelson was added to the committee, and the meeting then adjourned.

TO MERCHANTS, JOBBERS, AND RETAILERS.—Having an extra large stock of calicoes, bleached and brown domestics, stripes, bed ticking, jeans and linens, we are selling at New York quotations in order to close them out. Here are bargains for somebody. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main street, Clay building. 2w

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Meeting at Germantown, Tennessee.

GERMANTOWN, April 18, 1868.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: A meeting of a portion of the citizens of this vicinity met at the Presbyterian church, this evening. T. Scott, Esq., was called to the Chair, and William Mitchell appointed Secretary.

Dr. Stout explained in a forcible and expressive manner, the object of the meeting to be to inquire into the condition of the people of this section and to ascertain their wishes as to the propriety or necessity of sending an agent North to solicit aid for the destitute. Discussion and inquiry became pretty general, when it was discovered that there were twelve families needed help. A vote was then taken on sending an agent North, which resulted in fifteen yeas and thirteen nays. At this juncture the minority left the church. The majority then proceeded to select a proper person to go North to solicit aid for the disabled. Rev. J. Dix Mills was selected.

A committee was then appointed to receive and distribute any donations that he might receive.

The meeting then adjourned. H.

Proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners Yesterday.

A correction was made of the assessment on the 143½ acres of land on the Raleigh road belonging to the Guyoso Savings Institution; also on property belonging to Mrs. E. Moore.

George Edwards was appointed overseer of a portion of the Brownsville road, vice G. W. Ellis, resigned.

J. H. Hayes was appointed overseer of a portion of the Raleigh and Randolph roads.

The County Clerk was instructed to notify the county assessors to meet in the court room on the first Monday in May next, for the purpose of equalizing the assessments of their several districts.

The following appropriations were made:

McCaffrey & Cornelius, $45; Dr. J. E. Caruthers, $102 50; H C Brewer, $155; Church & Co., $70 80; J A Trotter, $100; McCombs & Co, $8 10; L Thompson, $150; Dr M V Gray, $5; Bigley, Mellersh & Co, $17 50; J L Kincannon, $150.

The report of Commissioner Merriman, relating to the contingent fund, was read and referred to a committee consisting of Commissioners White and Lewis for examination.

The following named gentlemen are requested to meet at the office of Messrs. Jeffries, Blackwell & Co., 252 Front street (up stairs), room No. 3, on a matter of interest to all parties, to-day, Wednesday, at 12 m.: Thos A. Nelson, W Johnston, Mr Gregory, Attorney at Law; W P Wilson, Col R Looney, Colonel J S Kerr, W P Wilson, Messrs Estes & Jackson, Messrs Smith & Hill, George A Stoval, Joslah Aelxander, Albert Graham, Major Ed Beecher, Attorney at Law; J G Jeffries, Chas Pfannensteihl, Colonel L Haynes, W L Miller, J Banks, and General Humes, Virginius Lake, Amos White, J J Murphy, Mr Heiskell, Attorney at Law; H B S William, G M Lewis, E D Duncan, Lcgwood & Peyton, Joseph Specht, A M Boyd, R P Walt, Dr John J Hooks, M W Redford, W H Hunt, Heiskel & Scott, W M Farrington, B M Bradford, Milton Eddins, or Messrs Wright & McKissick, Edward Holts or Mr Kortrecht, J C Rodgers or Chalmers, Lee & Warner, T B Edgington, or Edgington & Halsey; J P Caruthers, or Smith & Hill; Henry Laird, John B Trolund, or Gantt & Waddell; J Taylor, Attorney at Law; M J Wicks, Euclid Borland, R C Brinkley, John Collins, J W Harris, or his attorney; Major Winchester, J G Jeffries, J H Speed, E F Thomas, A Warren.

I. O. O. F. FESTIVITIES.—The Odd Fellows of the city are making extensive preparations for the forthcoming festivities on the 30th instant, their forty-ninth anniversary. The programme is as follows: The Memphis Lodge, No. 5, Christian Lodge No. 8, and Gayoso Encampment, No. 3, will meet at their hall at half past 9 o'clock a. m., and the column will move at nine o'clock precisely, in full regalia, in regular order, under the direction of the Grand Marshals, from Odd Fellows' Hall, down Main to Madison, out Madison to Third, up Third to Market, down Market to Main, down Main to Vance, out Vance to Judge James' park, where an oration will be delivered by D. G. M. M. R. Elliott, to be followed by a basket picnic. Captain George Mellersh will be Chief Marshal. We have no doubt that the members of the order, their families and all in attendance will have a pleasant day.

A VALUABLE ACCESSION.—We find the following in this week's *Christian Advocate*: "It will be gratifying intelligence to many readers that Mrs. Jane T. Cross, author of the charming volume, 'Azile,' and several other volumes, and besides a very popular contributor to the periodical literature of the South, will hereafter write regularly for our columns. 'Azile,' recently issued by the Southern Methodist Publishing House, ought to be in the hands of every cultivated reader in the land. The book stores here, we believe, have not yet received it; but we hope they will announce it in a short time." Mrs Cross is the author of several fine volumes, and has won much reputation in religious circles by her literary effort. Her accession to the corps of contributors of the *Advocate* will prove most valuable, and we congratulate our friend, the editor, in securing Mrs. Cross' services.

WONDERFUL ACHIEVEMENT.—An artist in this city has succeeded in taking a handsome picture of one of the plainest looking specimens of individual mortality that belong to the editorial fraternity, and that without damaging materially the photographer's instrument. This was done one beautiful day last week, by Mr. W. E. Craver, who is ready to oursue demands that we should realize, the best price we can get for our labor, by selling in the best market and buying where our wants can be supplied at the *lowest* rate. Therefore,

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THE COURTS.

LAW COURT—*James O. Pierce, Judge.*—The cases set for yesterday were disposed of as far as April 668. For to-day the calendar is as follows:

668 Carnett vs Memphis and Tennessee Railroad Company.
629 Kiland vs same.
630 Madden vs Larkin.
4-1 Same vs same.
661 Parker & Clay vs Fee.
662 Gage vs Raymond.
664 Gray vs Bowden, executor.
665 Mallory vs same.
666 Irwin vs Sells.
667 Lee vs Pickett et al.
668 Shephard vs Mason.
669 Anderson vs Church.
670 Cummings vs Mallory.
671 Wolcott et al vs Leyy et al.
672 Hood vs Bowers.
673 Yerger vs Greene et al.
674 Nichols vs Nichols.
675 Walcott & Co vs Able.
676 Feldmad vs Wendel.
677 Metcalf vs Slayden.
678 McDonald vs Ralle.
679 Miller vs Early.
680 Ainsworth vs M A of M.

MUNICIPAL COURT.—*George W. Waldran, Judge.* The time of the Court was yesterday consumed by one case—No. 323. The following cases are set for to day, viz:

277 Fitzpatrick vs Kenan
278 Caution vs Andrews et al
281 Bieloch & Co vs Mickles et al
282 Simpson vs Hamilton et al
283 Williamson vs Bolinger
284 Jenkins vs Mosley
285 Hampton vs McCombs.
270 Guy vs Bolinger
271 Mosley vs Moller
324 Clark vs Magevenay
325 Montgomery vs Kayserschmidt.
326 Palmer vs Sanach
327 Berlin vs Vance & Co
265 Conger et al vs Vance & Co
266 Kodlet & Co vs Lydan
266 Academy of Christian Brothers vs Selby
267 Norris vs Steinkuhl
268 Norris vs Wagoner et al
267 Reed et al vs Mallan
268 Williams vs Revenge
269 Frazer vs Schmaizried
270 Reed vs Nevin et al
271 Brown, use vs Wood-ward
272 Bradshaw vs Anderson
273 Hesslock vs Sylvester
274 Laurenzi vs Galeno
275 Mc Ada Railroad vs Peterson
247 Strall et al vs Holland
248 Rember Clothing Co vs Waggener & Co
249 Hurlbut et al vs Hart
250 Cassell vs Winters
251 Scammer et al vs Vesey et al
252 Loeb et al vs Louis et al
253 Perkins et al vs Eddins et al
254 McKenney vs Manning
255 Fletcher vs Robertson et al
256 Taylor vs Tuttle et al
259 Dendrick vs Bunce
260 Arnold et al vs Sisson Bros
261 Penn National Bank vs Hotchinson et al
262 Commercial Bank of Penn vs Lodland
263 Selden et al vs Paine
264 Peace vs Winder
265 Merchants' National Bank vs Johnston et al
266 Fox vs Bankr
267 Friend et al vs Alexander & Co
268 Trezevant, & son vs Bowen
269 Wolf, agent, vs Pelegrine.

BANKRUPTCY COURT—*T. J. Latham, Register.* Meetings of creditors were held yesterday in the following cases: P. J. Huette & Co., Memphis Club, S. L. Simpson, A. M. Bryan, Solomon Isaacs, John R Talbot, Benj. L. Taliaferro, W. L. Hall, Wm. C. Lightfoot and D. J. Beadles.

In the first two the assignee was chosen by the creditors, the rest being referred to the general assignee of the Court.

RIVER NEWS.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
WEDNESDAY, April 22.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

FRANK PARGOUD.....New Orleans.....5 p.m.
EMPIRE.....Little Rock.....5 p.m.

BUSINESS—WEATHER—RIVERS.

Weather clear and pleasant. The river here is still rising, and has risen four inches in twenty-four hours, up to yesterday evening. At Cairo the river is rising slowly. At St. Louis the river is declining rapidly. The Ohio is rapidly receding, from Pittsburg to Louisville, with thirteen feet in the canal and eleven feet seven inches on the falls. Cumberland and Tennessee rivers are also on the decline. The Arkanasa river is falling, with seven and a half feet from Little Rock out. White river was reported rising slowly on Monday.

ARRIVALS.

Steamer P. W. Strader, Louisville.
" Olive Branch, St. Louis.
" Richmond, New Orleans.
" Frank Pargoud, New Orleans.
" Continental, New Orleans.
" Celeste, Little Rock.

DEPARTURES.

Steamer P. W. Strader, New Orleans.
" Olive Branch, New Orleans.
" Richmond, Louisville.
" Sam J. Hale, Cincinnati.
" Commercial, White river.
" Mollie Hambleton, St. Francis river.
" Continental, St. Louis.

BOATS IN PORT.

Des Arc, Centralia, Frank Pargoud, Celeste.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Business in river circles is still on the wane, with no improvement in freights.

The upper streams are all falling steadily, and we believe all danger of a disastrous overflow has passed. The total rise here from the effect of the upper river will hardly bring the stage of the river within two feet of the high water mark last Spring.

The Olive Branch and P. W. Strader passed down yesterday morning for New Orleans, both well loaded.

The Mollie Able is due from New Orleans to-morrow.

The Dexter leaves Louisville to-day for New Orleans.

The Richmond passed up yesterday at noon for Louisville, with a good passenger trip and a fair miscellaneous freight trip, including 200 Texan cattle.

The Clifton, Captain Stein, will arrive from Cincinnati to

DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE

EDITED, RINTED AND PUBLISHED BY

M. C. GALLAWAY & CO.

AVALANCHE BUILDING.

Memphis, Tennessee.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

FOR 1868, FROM APRIL 1.

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One square, of eight lines of brev. $1 00
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SPACE	ONE WEEK	TWO WEEKS	THREE WEEKS	ONE MONTH	SPACE	ONE WEEK	TWO WEEKS	THREE WEEKS	ONE MONTH
1	$2 00	$3 00	$4 50	$6 00	12	$40 00	$44 00	$48 00	$52 00
2	4 00	5 00	6 00	8 00	13	44 00	48 00	52 00	56 00
3	6 00	7 50	9 00	12 00	14	48 00	52 00	56 00	60 00
4	8 00	10 00	12 00	16 00	15	52 00	56 00	60 00	64 00
5	10 00	12 50	15 00	20 00	16	56 00	60 00	64 00	68 00
6	12 00	15 00	18 00	24 00	17	60 00	64 00	68 00	72 00
7	14 00	17 50	21 00	28 00	18	64 00	68 00	72 00	76 00
8	16 00	20 00	24 00	32 00	19	68 00	72 00	76 00	80 00
9	20 00	22 50	27 00	36 00	20	72 00	76 00	80 00	84 00
10	22 00	26 00	30 00	40 00	21	76 00	80 00	84 00	88 00
11	26 00	30 00	34 00	44 00	22	80 00	84 00	88 00	92 00

Advertisements for three months same proportion, less ten per cent.; six months same proportion, less twenty per cent.

IMMIGRATION.

Settling the Waste Lands by Immigration from Abroad.

Lands to be Sold at Nominal Prices to Actual Settlers.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: Messrs. Topp, Trezevant and Attorney General Wallace, who, in obedience to an invitation from the citizens of the counties of DeSoto, Panola, Tallahatchie and Yallabusha, have returned to our city, bring the most cheering accounts from those counties. They addressed large and intelligent numbers of the most substantial citizens along the line of the Mississippi and Tennessee railroad, beginning at Grenada and terminating at this city, on what is considered the best plan of populating that region with industrious and thrifty settlers, who by the development of the agricultural resources, will restore to our city and the whole country through which this important road passes, that degree of prosperity which should be confidently expected from the fertile soil and general climate in that portion of our inter State.

The plan is to form a land association in each county through which the railroad runs between Memphis and Grenada, by the selection of five citizens of the county as Trustees, to be selected with reference to their integrity and capacity, who may receive such subscriptions of lands as the land owners are willing to place at the disposal of the association to *actual settlers*, at such prices as, *under the circumstances*, a committee to be appointed by the trustees shall value the lands at.

After twenty-five thousand (25,000) acres shall be subscribed in the county, then those subscribing their lands, and becoming stockholders in the association to the extent of the value of their lands thus subscribed, shall elect a permanent Board of Directors, members of the association voting for directors in proportion to the number of shares of stock in the association. The lands, after they have been fully described and valued, are then to be offered to actual settlers at the same prices at which they are valued by the parties disinterested in the transaction, appointed by the trustees for that purpose, with such small addition to the original cost as the actual expenses of their association may absolutely require.

The method proposed to bring the lands to public notice is by extensive advertising, particularly in the leading journals in this State and in the great Northwest, and by sending one or more *agents to the Northwest to explain to the people* of the densely populous regions of Ohio, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Indiana, etc., the natural advantages of our soil, climate, contiguity to market, cheapness of price and favorable terms on which these lands can and will be disposed of to actual settlers, who come to the country for the purpose of locating in this beautiful region, which, perhaps, combines more advantages than any other portion of our whole country.

The arguments of these Memphians are in favor of adopting the system of small farms, say from twenty (20) to fifty (50) acres, and abandon the culture of cotton for the more profitable raising of marketable productions, such as onions, potatoes (sweet and Irish), corn, wheat, etc.

It was ascertained, on inquiry, that of the fifty or seventy-five thousand bushels of onions consumed annually in this city, not a solitary bushel has ever been shipped to it over the Mississippi and Tennessee railroad, which daily arrives in our city, traversing one of the most fertile regions in the whole South, of the length of one hundred miles, nearly every acre of which, if properly cultivated, would yield from two hundred to four hundred bushels of onions, now selling in this market at three dollars per bushel as a common commodity of commerce as staple as flour or bacon.

What has been said in reference to the onion, is equally applicable to all other articles of produce, one other of which I will here mention. If any person will visit our grocery stores he, on inquiry, will find that our pickles come from Boston, Baltimore and other cities, thousands of miles from us, at the rate of about fifteen dollars per barrel, when our lands will make at the rate of fifty or seventy-five barrels per acre; and the number of barrels consumed in this city would utterly astonish any one not advised on the subject. Where does the money which pays for these things go? Do the persons from whom our merchants purchase spend a solitary dollar in our city for anything that we sell? Don't they go back and purchase their entire supplies from their own citizens? Don't they, *after the usual* hotel bills, send these things to commission merchants? Every bushel of potatoes, corn, onions, turnips, fruit of all kinds, including grapes, strawberries, raspberries, etc., should come to us from this unparalleled country, South and Southeast, or from persons who in turn will order their dry goods and all other things not raised at home from our city. When this trade shall change direction—I may say, seek its proper channels—we may again look for prosperity, in both country and city—may expect to see our landlords of the city employed in driving the hoe and owls out of their untenanted houses, and our once beautiful and glorious old South once more asserting her supremacy over any other land on the globe, in whatever she may attempt to produce and supply for either home or foreign consumption.

VIATOR.

[Communicated]

From Carrollton, Mississippi.

CARROLLTON, MISS., April 18, 1868.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: Here I am in the flourishing town of Carrollton, with a hand full of "nothing to do" and time to spare; so I propose pose furnishing you with a few "items in brief" for your valuable and out spoken AVALANCHE.

Court is in session here and many cases have been disposed of. Among them a poor man was indicted for hunting on the Sabbath day, to which charge he plead "guilty," but gave as an excuse that on Saturday evening his wife had given birth to four children—three boys and one girl, at one and the same time. He also stated that, if under similar circumstances, being without meat in the smoke house, it should be necessary, he would again take his gun and go in search of game, let it be any day, Sunday or Monday. The Judge Cothran told the Sheriff to discharge the prisoner, giving him authority to shoot on Sunday as often as the same circumstances occurred, and fifty dollars to boot, to support said children.

The crops in this section are exceedingly fine. The corn is from six to ten inches high, and all garden vegetables are in superabundance, and the finest that you ever saw. Business is brisker here than for some time, but that is probably owing to the fact of the late rise in cotton, many of the farmers having retained their cotton in spite of their creditors until til this late advance; in consequence, they are able to pay up and have something left for a wet day. Cotton looks well; that is, so much as is above ground. Very little has been planted. The stock-and-tan convention now closed, all the interest in politics in this county. The whites all in mass examined the course of W. L. Hemmingway in bolting from such a foul body, and would like to know why the other Representatives do not come out. But none ask why Dr. Stovall does not come out, since all know his vote on the franchise question. He is eternally damned in the eyes of this community by his course, and it is hoped by all that he will return to Kentucky, whence he came.

Court will adjourn next week, when the business will, in all probability, relapse into its old channel.

IKE A. H.

The Radical organ at Montgomery, Alabama, has suspended for want of breath.

INSURANCE.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE Insurance Company.

HOME OFFICE, No. 513 Olive Street, ST. LOUIS.

D. A. JANUARY, President.
JAS. H. LUCAS, Vice President.
WM. T. SELBY, Secretary.
WM. N. BENTON, General Agent.

DIRECTORS:

James H. Lucas, Samuel Wells, Theodore Lavelle, Chas. H. Peck, Rob't. K. Woods, Jules Vallé, Geo. H. Belcher, Robert E. Carr, John F. Thornton, David K. Ferguson, Hon. John Hogan, Henry Overstolz, Nicholas Schaeffer, William D. Gale, Wm. C. Jamison, H. F. Hanenkamp, Jo. H. Baker, D. A. January, Wm. J. Lewis, F. Rozier, Jr., Jacob Tamm.

Assets, Jan'y 1, 1868, over $2,500,000

Issues Policies on ALL THE MOST APPROVED NON-FORFEITING PLANS, on as good terms as any Company.

No Restrictions upon Acclimated Persons, or to RESIDENCE or TRAVEL.

MEMPHIS BOARD OF REFERENCE.

Wormsley, Joy & Co., Aydlett, Robinson & Co., S. M. Webb & Co., Toof, Phillips & Co., Lacey & Meadows, N. Dorothia, A. G. Frankland, Jacob Alexander, Clapp, Vance & Anderson, Gen. N. B. Forrest, Gen. J. B. Chalmers, Com. Joseph E. Montgomery, Judge J. P. Carruthers, Rev. S. H. Ford, D.D., Rev. J. R. Graves, Judge Phineas T. Scruggs, Gallaway, Hampton & Co., Detroit Insurance Company.

AGENCY OFFICE IN MEMPHIS—No. 43 Madison street, Kit Williams' Block. McMAHON & OTIS,
State Agents for West Tennessee, Mississippi, Arkansas and North Louisiana.
O. S. OTIS, J. H. McMAHON
ja18

Mississippi Valley Branch OF THE KNICKERBOCKER Mutual Life Insurance Company

At Memphis, Tenn.,

Office No. 18 Knickerbocker Building.

Assets, : : : $3,000,000

Policies Issued at this Office on all the popular plans, and the General Business transacted on the same terms as with the Home Office of the Company.

DIRECTORS AT MEMPHIS:

HENDERSON OWEN, of Messrs. Owen, McNutt & Co.;
NEWTON FORD, of Messrs. Newton Ford & Co.;
W. H. CHERRY, President Merchants' National Bank;
ALBERT PIKE, Attorney at Law;
B. J. SEMMES, of Messrs. B. J. Semmes & Co.;
CHARLES C. PARTEE, of Messrs. Partee & Harbert;
CHARLES KORTRECHT, Attorney at Law;
JOHN P. TREZEVANT, of Messrs. Royster, Trezevant & Co.;
JOHN MHOON, of Messrs. Mhoon & Co.;
NAT. S. GREEN, of Messrs. N. S. Green & Co.;
J. STANWOOD MENKEN, of Messrs. Menken Bros.;
M. F. KENNEDY, of Messrs. Kennedy, Williams & Russell

MEDICAL EXAMINERS:

R. W. MITCHELL M.D.
FRANK RICE, M.D.

MANAGERS:

S. R. CLARKE & CO.

ja19

UNITED STATES FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE CO.

OF BALTIMOR , MD.

J. W. RANDOLPH, President. H. C. JONES, Secretary.

Cash Assets January 1, 1867, $305,689 00.

Cash Assets January 1, 1868, $431,276 00.

Declared to Stockholders for year 1867 a Dividend of 25 per cent. upon Capital, amounting to $50,000 00.

PREMIUM RECEIPTS FOR 1867.

Fire Branch,	- - -	$163,123 00
Marine Branch,	- - -	$156,331 00
LOSSES.		
Paid during the year 1867,	-	$118,463 00

☞ A share of patronage for this reliable Company is respectfully solicited.

G. W. L. CROOK, Agent, Office, 279 1-2 Main Street.

mh29

DE SOTO Insurance and Trust Company OF MEMPHIS,

Office in Company's Building, No. 42 Madison Street.

CAPITAL, : : : : $300,000

Board of Directors:

WM. M. FARRINGTON, C. S. CHURCH,
W. B. GALBREATH, J. W. RAWLINGS,
JOHN JOHNSON, W. GOYER,
W. B. GREENLAW.

WM. M. FARRINGTON, President.
J. G. LONSDALE, Secretary.

This Company Insures against loss by Fire, Marine and River risks.

feb19

C. W. L. CROOK, GENERAL

Marine, Life & Fire Insurance Agent

No. 279 1-2 Main Street.

NONE but sound, prudent, and prompt paying companies represented.

ALBANY COTTON GIN MANUFACTURING CO.,

ALBANY, NEW YORK.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Agricultural Machinery and Implements of the Most Approved Kinds & Patterns in Use.

MOON & GEOGHEGAN

Cotton Factors & Commission Merchants

232 Front Street, Memphis,

AGENTS.

They keep on hand and for sale in their warehouse:

The "Star" Cotton Gin and Condenser,
Hand Gin and Condenser
Power Gin and Condenser,
Hand Gin, with Condenser,
Power Gin,
Hand Gin, without Condenser,
Power Gin, without Condenser
Cotton Cultivator or Scraper and Chopper, (Foster's Patent,)
"Star" Railway Horse Power,
"Star" Lever or Sweep Horse Power,
"Star" Thresher and Cleaner (Winnower) Combined,
"Star" Thresher and Cleaner,
Horse Power, with Thresher and Separator,
Dog or Sheep Power,
Portable Wood Sawing Machinery,
Vegetable Cutters.

PLANTERS and DEALERS will do well to call and examine.

ja28

AGENTS WANTED FOR

The Official History of the War

Its Causes, Character, Conduct and Results.

By HON. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

IT ranks with the best subscription books ever published. AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY COUNTY. Address for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work.

Address, National Publishing Co., St. Louis, Mo. ap15dw

To all whom it may Concern.

AT the May term of the County Court I will apply for the guardianship of Claude Kinnie Macdonell.

SAMUEL MENDENALL.

BANKS.

REMOVAL.

THE

Memphis City Savings Institution

HAS removed their office from No. 16 Jefferson street to the corner of Front and Jefferson streets.

April 15, 1868. S. C. KIRK, Cashier.

S. H. TORBY, Pres't. S. C. KIRK, Cashier.

Memphis City SAVINGS INSTITUTION

CORNER OF

Jefferson and Front streets,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

TRANSACT

A General Banking Business,

RECEIVE Deposits and deals in Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities and Uncurrent Money.

Collections PROMPTLY Attended to.

apr19

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK OF MEMPHIS,

No. 8 Jefferson Street.

Paid in Capital - - - - - $360,000

Authorized Capital - - $1,000,000

W. H. CHERRY, President. A. T. LACEY, Vice-President.

J. J FREEMAN, Cashier

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Mineral Springs —AT— RALEIGH, TENNESSEE

FOR SALE!

THE CELEBRATED RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS, situated on the confines of Raleigh, late County Seat of Shelby county, Tennessee, nine miles northeast of Memphis, and two miles from Wells' Station, on the Memphis and Louisville Railroad. These springs are six in number, of various mineral and medicinal qualities, and are visited every Summer by thousands of seekers of health and pleasure, from all quarters of the country. They are within a few steps of the village of Raleigh, in a beautiful valley, and also within a few hundred feet of Wolf river, which winds around the base of the eminence on which the village of Raleigh is situated, and empties into the "Father of Waters" at Memphis. Numerous remarkable cures of various diseases have been experienced by sojourners at this health-inspiring retreat, and the present proprietor, Colonel J. M. COLEMAN, can produce hundreds of certificates of cures in cases which had been entirely given over medical skill. The ground surrounding the springs, and in fact the entire village of Raleigh, rises to an eminence of pure air, and is as remarkable for its healthfulness as beauty of location. The Springs are in fine order, never failing, and are designated as follows:

MARBLE SPRING.
BOX SPRING.
MAGNOLIA SPRING.
ARSENIC SPRING.
SULPHUR SPRING.
FREESTONE SPRING.

The place has never been visited by epidemic of any kind, and peculiarly characteristic of its healthfulness is the longevity of the inhabitants. The oldest citizens of Shelby county are residents of Raleigh.

The Springs are as much resorted to by pleasure seekers as by invalids, owing to beauty of scenery and various artificial as well as natural attractions. Connected with the Springs are a Pavilion, Ladies' Bowling Alley, Rustic Arbors, Reading Saloon, Gents' Bowling Alley, Saloon, Billiard Room, Gymnasiums, Refreshment Tables, etc., while Wolf river affords excellent Boating and Fishing

An analysis of the several Springs, by distinguished medical men, shows that they are unsurpassed in mineral and curative properties by any in the United States. There is no reason then why Raleigh should not become as famous as Saratoga, Sharon or Lebanon, and as largely patronized. It needs only capital and enterprise to accomplish this end.

The elegant country mansion house and lot, residence of Colonel J. M. COLEMAN, is within a few yards of the Springs The house is in first class order, contains ten rooms, and is beautifully embowered in shrubbery The lot is well fenced and ornamented with fine shade and fruit trees, and affords all necessary outhouses, cisterns, etc. It is midway between the village and Spring Valley, on the main promenade.

For terms address, ANDREW J. KELLAR,

apr7 Avalanche Building, Memphis, Tenn.

ALLISON BROTHERS,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

No. 270 Front Street, Memphis.

mch8

FOR SALE.

1,000 bales No. 1 Timothy Hay,
1,000 barrels Louisville Hydraulic Cement,
250 barrels Celebrated Missouri Magnolia Mills Flour,
100 barrels Extra Family Flour, National Mills,
300 bags Corn,
250 boxes Cheese,

Just Received and Cheap for Cash,

JOHN K. MOODY & CO.,

mh29 206 Front Street.

SEEDS.

R. D. WARD & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Field and Garden Seeds

232 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

Clover Seed, Timothy Seed, Millett Seed, Stock Peas, Hungarian, Blue Grass, Herd Grass, Orchard Grass, Goober Peas, Black Oats,

Garden and Agricultural Implements, Goodrich Potatoes, Seed Grain of all kinds, Onion Sets.

mh29

F. G. CRAIG & CO., SEEDSMEN,

279 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

JUST RECEIVED.

Hungarian Grass Seed,
Seed Buckwheat, AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE.
Stock Peas, AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE.
Grain Cradles and Grass Scythes, AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE.
Geddes's Harrows and Knox Horse Hoe, AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE.
Lime, Plaster and Cement, AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE.
Superphosphate and Land Plaster, AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE.

apr19 279 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

LIQUORS, ETC.

DAN ABLE & CO.,

Successors to

Hatch & Able and Hatch, Maurice & Co.,

DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic Liquors,

ALCOHOL,

Proof Spirits and High Wines,

No. 218 Walnut Street,

and

SMITH & LEECH,

342 Second Street,

Opposite Greenlaw Opera House,

RECTIFIERS and Wholesale Dealers in BOURBON, RYE and ROBINSON COUNTY WHISKIES, and PROOF SPIRITS.

Our grades will compare, equal or superior to same line of goods in this or any other market.

mh17

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,

WHOLESALE

LIQUOR DEALERS,

Main 261 M St. phis, Ten n

A CARD.

To my Friends & Public Generally.

MY Stock having been released, I am now prepared to fill all orders in my line.

D. H. EVANS,

IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Wines, Liquors & Cigars

384 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

apr14

BOOKS & STATIONERY

BOOKS.

Law Books, School Books, Novels,

And a Fine Stock of Stationery at

C. C. CLEAVES & CO.'S,

No. 342 Second Street, Corner of Monroe.

ap13

RAILROADS.

QUICK TIME EAST AND FARES REDUCED

BY THE

Memphis & Louisville Railroad Line

Only 61 Hours and 43 Minutes to New York, 21 Hours to Louisville, 15 1-4 Hours to Nashville, and 21 1-2 Hours to St. Louis.

DOUBLE DAILY TRAINS CONTINUED

BOTH Trains making direct Through Connections to all Eastern Cities, an advantage offered by no other route from Memphis.

Commencing Monday, March 9, 1868,

Trains will leave Memphis as follows:

7:00 A.M., Morning Express } and { 4:00 P.M., Night Express

The 7:00 a.m. Morning Express reaches Louisville at 4:30 a.m.; Indianapolis at 11 a.m.; Cincinnati at 11 a.m., and New York at 9:30 p.m., the next day, 7 hours and 40 m nutes in advance of any train leaving Memphis the same day by other routes, and with one night less railroad travel.

The 4 p.m. Night Express arrives at Louisville at 1:30 p.m.; Nashville at 7:15 a.m.; St. Louis at 1:50 p.m., the next day's passengers taking this train having choice of routes via Louisville either by the Jeffersonville Railroad via Cincinnati or Indianapolis, or the United States Mail Line steamers via Cincinnati, reaching New York the second morning eleven hours and fifteen minutes in advance of passengers taking the train from Memphis by any other route, and with one night less railroad travel.

Through Tickets at Reduced Rates

Can be procured at the

Company's Office, 237 1-2 Main Street

CORNER OF JEFFERSON.

☞ at Depot head of Main st.; also, at Overton Hotel, and at the office of LANE, HASKELL & CO., corner Main and Madison streets.

☞ Baggage Checked at Depot or by the Memphis City Transfer Company; at Hotels, Private Residences, or on board boats arriving at Memphis from all principal Eastern Cities.

ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. SAM. R. JONES, Superintendent.

apr14

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE

Memphis and Charleston Railroad

Double Daily Trains Resumed

THE Short Route and Quick Time to NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE and WASHINGTON CITY.

53 hours and 15 minutes to Washington.
63 hours and 37 minutes to New York.

Quick Time and Close Connections via DECATUR and NASHVILLE, to LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI and ALL POINTS NORTH AND WEST.

15 hours and 15 minutes to Nashville.

TRAINS WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Two Daily Trains.

Through Mail Leaves Memphis	12:45 p m
Through Mail Arrives at Memphis	6:00 p.m
Through Express Leaves Memphis	8:00 p.m
Through Express Arrives at Memphis	12:45 p m

☞ Through Express does not leave Saturdays or arrive Sundays.

Making close connections at Grand Junction, Corinth, Decatur, Stevens and Chattanooga for all points South, East and N rth. Shortest and Quickest Route to Chattanooga, Knoxville, Atlanta, Augusta, Macon, Charleston, Savannah, Columbus, Ga., and Montgomery, Ala.

The 12:45 P. M. is the Fast Through Train

For all points East and North, and stops only at Collierville, Lafayette, Moscow, Lagrange, Grand Junction, Pocahontas, Corinth, Burnsville, Iuka, Tuscumbia, Jonesboro, Courtland, Decatur, Huntsville, Bellefonte and Stevenson.

Passengers for any other station on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad MUST TAKE this train.

This Train connects at Grand Junction with Trains both ways on the Mississippi Central railroad.

A Train leaves Memphis at 6:00 p.m., and connects at Corinth with train on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad going South at 2:35 p.m., to Mobile, etc.

Somerville Accommodation leaves at	5:00 p.m
Somerville Accommodation arrives at	8:35 p.m

Fare to all points as low as by any other route.

☞ For Tickets, apply at No. 253 Main street, corner South Court; at Overton House, and Memphis and Charleston Depot. Baggage Checked Through to all points.

W. J. ROSS, General Superintendent.

mh11

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!

BOHLEN, HUSE & CO.,

Wholesale & Retail Dealers in Ice,

296 1-2 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

WE would remind dealers in Ice, in the railroad and river towns, that the spring is the best time to lay in their stock. While we are unloading, we can sell it by car load or in large quantities cheaper than after it is put in store, and the saving in transit is much more.

Packing orders promptly filled, when money is sent with them, or when ordered from Chandler's city merchants.

BOHLEN, HUSE & CO.

FASHIONABLE

Boot and Shoemakers,

LINKHAUER & BRO. Agents.

THIS well known firm is now located at 261½ Second street between South Court and Madison, opposite the old Man House.

LEGAL.

Trustee's Sale.

Valuable Mississippi River Plantation for Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust made to me as trustee on the 15th day of December, 1865, by E. T. Harrell, and which is duly registered in the Register's office of Tipton county, Tenn. see, in record book F, pages 81 and 82, and to which reference is here made, and in pursuance of the terms thereof, and in pursuance to a decree of the Chancery Court of Memphis, entered March 27, 1868, in the case of B. T. Harrell vs. Susan Brown et al., I will,

On Friday, the 8th day of May, 1868,

Proceed to sell between the hours of eleven o'clock a.m. and 12 o'clock m., at public auction, in front of the Postoffice in Memphis, Tennessee, to the highest bidder for cash the following real estate, described in said trust deed as follows: A certain tract of land, situate, lying and being in the county of Tipton and State of Tennessee, situate on the banks of the Mississippi river, adjoining the lands of John Tilgo on the north, John and S. S. Jain on the west, and Potter's land on the east, and Samuel Bostick's on the south, containing six hundred acres, it being the same of land sold by Susan Brown to B. T. Harrell on the 15th of December, 1865; said deed of trust also conveys with the land all cattle and hogs, corn and cotton crops on the place, and all farming utensils and mechanics' tools, which will also be sold as the same time. There is a comfortable dwelling house, also other outhouses and buildings on the place, and is known as the plantation formerly belonging to Bedford Brown, Esq. The sale will be positive, as it is made for the payment of a balance due on the purchase notes.

Right of title to said property is what is sold. The title to said property is believed to be undisputed, but I will only sell and convey as trustee.

E. L. BELCHER,

For more particular information apply to BELCHER & BELCHER, Attorneys, Irving Block.

apr7

No. 2276.—N. B. D.—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee.—Insolvent and Creditors' Notice.—John Malone, Administrator, de bonis non, of the estate of James H. Malone, deceased, vs. John H. Holland and wife et al.

IN this cause the insolvency of the estate of James H. Malone, deceased, having been suggested, the creditors thereof made parties defendant to this suit whose names and places of residence are unknown, and an order entered directing publication to be made; it is therefore ordered, that they make their appearance herein at the Court House in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday in June, 1868, and file and establish their claims against said estate, or the same will be forever barred, and the cause set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for three months in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTUS ALSTON, Clerk and Master.

By H. J. BEAGE, Deputy C. & M.

HALLUM, CHALMERS & TURLEY, Solicitors for Complainant. ma29

Notice to Creditors.

No. 2321—Chancery Court of Memphis—John C. Lanier vs the Gayoso Savings Institution et al.

IT is ordered by the Court in this cause, that the creditors of the Gayoso Savings Institution do immediately come in and have themselves made parties to this suit, and file their claims with the Clerk and Master, with proper proof of the same, that they may receive their pro rata share of the assets of said Bank for distribution among the creditors; and that a copy of this order be published in the Memphis Appeal, Avalanche and Post, until the further order of this Court.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTUS ALSTON, Clerk and Master.

By BENJ. COLMAN, Deputy C. & M. mh7

Administratrix's Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Heirs and Creditors of Daniel Moriarty, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have filed my settlement of the estate of said Daniel Moriarty, deceased, with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the May term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

Filed April 7, 1868. MARY MORIARTY, Administratrix.

Printer paid $5 00. apr9

Administrator's Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Heirs and Creditors of E. Stephenson, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have filed my settlement of the estate of said E. Stephenson, deceased, with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the May term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

April 7, 1868. J. W. DICKEY, Administrator.

Printer paid $5 00. apr9

Attachment Suit.

George Mackey & Co. vs. Wm. D. Jones.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this cause, in manner of section 2452 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer, "levied," on the property of the defendant; it is therefore ordered that said defendant appear at my office in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the 1st day of April, 1868, and replevy said property, or judgment will be taken as confessed and the case set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

mh13 (Signed) S. A. MOORE, J. P.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of William H. Haney, deceased, have been granted to me by the County Court of Shelby county, Tenn., at the March term, 1868, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment to me at once, and all persons having claims against said estate are notified to present the same to me properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

R. W. BROOKS, Administrator of Wm. Haney, deceased.

mh29

Administrator's Notice.

HAVING been qualified as administrator, with will annexed, of June Blair, deceased, all persons having claims against said estate are notified to file the same with me or with my attorney, J. A. Oxley, properly authenticated, and all parties indebted to the said estate are notified to settle the same without delay.

W. L. ELLIS, Administrator.

OXLEY & DUVAL, Att'ys mh7

Administratrix's Settlement in the County Court of Shelby County.

To the Heirs and Creditors of Watt C. Bradford, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have filed my annual and final settlement of the estate of Watt C. Bradford, deceased, with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the May term, 1868, of said court, to be held in the city of Memphis.

Printer paid $5 00. apr7 MARY C. BRADFORD, Administratrix.

Trustee's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a deed of trust executed by H. D. Sheeman to me, (S. S. Hammon) to secure the payment of the sum of two thousand dollars (2,000), payable to H. L. Eleaz, dated Memphis, November 15, 1867, duly recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, State of Tennessee, in Record Book No. 62, page 90, to which reference is hereby made I will, on

Thursday, the 30th day of April, 1868,

At the late residence of H. D. Sheeman, situated in Shelby county, about nine (9) miles from the city of Memphis, near the Horn Lake road, proceed to sell, between the hours of 10 a.m. and four p.m., to the highest bidder for cash, at public outcry, the following described property, to-wit: All of the crops of corn, for the payment of the debt herein mentioned, to-wit: Eight (8) stock of cattle, two (2) mules, one (1) horse, seven (7) milch cows, one (1) spring wagon and one (1) ox wagon.

mh27 R. GAMMON, Trustee.

Guardian's Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Friends and Creditors of W. T. Donelson.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have filed my settlement of the estate of W. T. Donelson with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the May term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

Filed April 7, 1868. S. A. WILSON, Guardian.

Printer paid $5 00. apr

Guardian's Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Friends and Creditors of Heirs of Wm. F. Allen, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I have filed my settlement of the estate of said Heirs with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the May term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

Filed April 4, 1868. MARY C. ALLEN, Guardian.

Printer paid $5 00. apr9

Trustee's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a deed of trust to me executed and delivered on the 8th day of August, 1867, by T. J. Kenrick-over, and duly noted on page 47th, 48th and 49th of Record book No 61, in the Register's office of Shelby county; therefore, to secure the indebtedness therein described, I shall,

On Thursday, the 7th day of May, 1868,

In front of the Greenlaw Block, at the door of the Chancery Court room, between the hours of ten a.m. and four p.m., sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate, to-wit: A one-fifth interest in three acres of land bought by P. M. brewster of Mrs. E. Ragland, executrix, and R. H. Ragland, executor of the will and testament of R. H. Ragland, deceased, which said deed is on record in the Register's office of Shelby county, in book 51, part second, pages 28, 29 and 31, and is therein described as lot No. 5, and the interest thereon conveyed, is the same conveyed by P. M. Brewster to Thomas J. Hc.Sowver on the 18th of March, 1867, which said deed is recorded in book No. 60, part first, pages 486 and 487, May 11, 1867, and to which reference is made for more particulars. Will only sell the interest conveyed and the equity of redemption is waived; the title believed to be good, but I convey only as Trustee.

apr7 JOHN R. REASONOVER, Trustee.

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a deed in trust executed by William B. Cotton on the 15th day of May, 1866, and recorded in book No. 57, part first, pages 148, 149 and 150 in the Register's office of Shelby county and State of Tennessee, I will,

On the 27th day of April, 1868,

At 11 a.m., proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, at the premises of Royster, Trezevant & Co., 276 Second street, in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, the following described real estate, to-wit: Being a ten acre lot in the Fifth Civil District of Shelby county, Tennessee, having a front of three hundred and sixty-five feet (365 feet), and a depth of eighteen chains and six links (18 chains and six links). The said lot is sold to pay certain notes described in said trust deed. Equity of redemption waived.

O. G. FIELD, Trustee.

JOHN F. TREZEVANT, Auctioneer. apr6

Attachment Notice.

R. A. Frazer vs J. C. Gay. Before Michael Foley, J. P.

THE defendant in the above entitled cause will take notice that an attachment has been sued out against him, upon the grounds that he is a non-resident of the state of Tennessee, and returned by the proper officer levied, etc.; and that the cause is set for hearing at my office in the city of Memphis, on the 18th day of April, 1868, at nine a.m., when and where he can appear and defend said action, or else the case will be proceeded with ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four weeks in the Memphis Daily Avalanche.

MICHAEL FOLEY, J. P.

apr17

Creditor's Notice.

No. 2431—N. B. D.—In the Chancery Court of Memphis—W. N. Wilkerson et al., vs. the Franklin Insurance Banking Company et al.

IN this cause, upon motion and in contempt to the prayer of the bill, it is ordered by the Court that all persons claiming to be creditors or having any character of demands against the Franklin Insurance and Banking Company of Memphis, be, and they are hereby made parties to this suit and have themselves made parties to this suit, and file their claims with the Clerk and Master, on or before the first Monday in June next, and file and establish their claims against said estate, or the same will be forever barred, and the cause set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for three months in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTUS ALSTON, Clerk and Master.

By H. J. BEAGE, Deputy C. & M. Clerk and Master.

EWING, JACKSON, McDAVITT and E. BURKLEY, Solicitors, Complainants. mh11

Trustees' Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust executed by W. P. Rabbs & Co., of Augusta, Ark., to Geo. Phillips & Co., of Memphis, Tenn., bearing date the 4th day of January, 1867, recorded in the Recorder's office of Prairie county, Ark., in Mortgage Record Book A, pp. on 764, 765 and 766, we will sell at public sale to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, at the Court House door in the city of Augusta and State of Arkansas,

On Tuesday, the 21st day of April, A. D. 1868,

Between the hours of ten A.M. and three P.M., all and singular the following described property, to satisfy said deed of trust, viz: seven bales of cotton, nine mules, six work oxen and one wagon.

J. M. MOURDY, mh14 Attorney for Trustees.

The Attention of the Whole World

IS called to the fact that Dr. J. D. STILLWAN'S GREAT GENERAL RESTORATIVE is working miraculous effects in its slow but sure progress wherever used. The wonderful medicine can be found at FORSTER, REAL ESTATE AGENT, No. 279 Main street, who are the exclusive Agents in this city apr12

COAL

FIRST ARRIVAL OF

FRESH PITTSBURG COAL

FOR THE

HAYS COAL COMPANY,

SUCCESSORS TO BRIGGS & PETERSON, Wholesale and Retail dealers in BEST PITTSBURG COAL, from the